

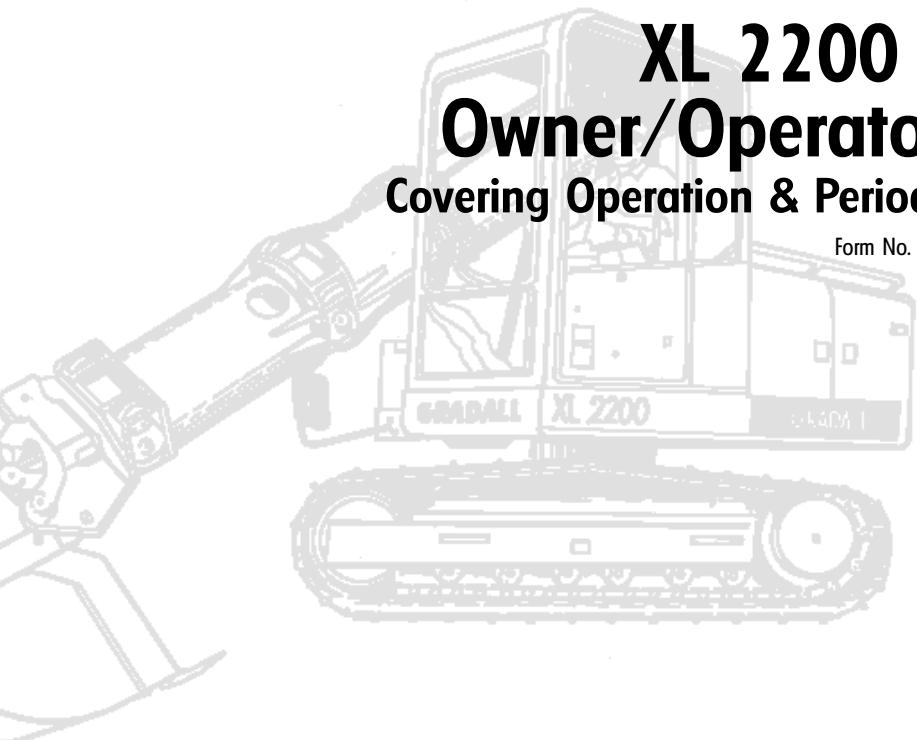
GRADALL

hydraulic excavators

XL 2200 Excavator Owner/Operator Manual

Covering Operation & Periodic Maintenance

Form No. 29703, Issued 2/98, Revised 0/99



IMPORTANT

Read and understand this Manual & the GRADALL and EMI Hydraulic Excavator Safety Manuals before starting, operating or performing maintenance on this machine.

KEEP THESE MANUALS IN THE CAB

AVERTISSEMENT!

Si vous ne lisez pas l'Anglais, demandez à votre surveillant de vous donner les instructions de sécurité!

ATENCION

Si no lee Ingles, preguntele a su supervisor para las instrucciones de seguridad!

VORSICHT!

Wen Sie kein Englisch lesen, bitten Sie ihren Vorgesetzten um die Sicherheitsvorschriften!

A small icon of an excavator, which is a piece of heavy machinery used for digging and moving earth.

- This page is provided so you may determine that this Manual is complete and current with respect to Gradall Engineering Specifications.

XL 2200 Excavator Owner/Operator Manual

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Introduction

This Manual provides important information regarding safe operating procedures and routine maintenance for the Gradall XL 2200 Hydraulic Excavator. Read and understand this entire Manual, along with the appropriate Owner/Operator Manual, EMI Rough Terrain Forklift Safety Manual, Gradall Material Handler Safety Manual and all instructional decals and plates before starting, operating or performing mechanical adjustments and maintenance procedures on this equipment. Keep Operator and Safety Manuals in cab.

Related Manuals & Decals

Separate publications are furnished with the excavator to provide information concerning safety, replacement parts, maintenance procedures, theory of operation and vendor components. All decals for your machine are available from your Gradall Distributor. He can also furnish additional manuals for your machine.

Operator Qualifications

This excavator has been designed for operators weighing from 104 to 220 pounds (47 to 100 kg) and from 59 to 73 inches (150 to 185 cm) tall. Potential operators who do not fit within these parameters should be observed while operating and driving the unit in a safe area to determine their ability for safe, efficient operation.

Any operator must hold a valid driver's license which requires acceptable age, vision, hearing, manual dexterity and response. He must also be in acceptable physical and mental condition. He should not be undergoing medical treatment or using drugs or alcohol which would violate traffic laws. Before operating the excavator at a worksite, the operator must familiarize himself with the machine by practicing in a safe, open area not hazardous to persons or property.

The operator must read, understand and comply with instructions contained in the following material furnished with the excavator:

- This Owner/Operator Manual
- Gradall Hydraulic Excavator Safety Manual
- EMI Hydraulic Safety Manual
- All Instructional decals and plates
- Any additional information furnished regarding optional equipment

Orientation

When used to indicate direction or location, the terms "front", "rear", "left" and "right" indicate the point of view of a person sitting in the operator's seat. In relation to the crawler, "front" and "rear" are determined by the location of the track drive sprockets, which are at the rear.

PIN Location (Product Identification Number)

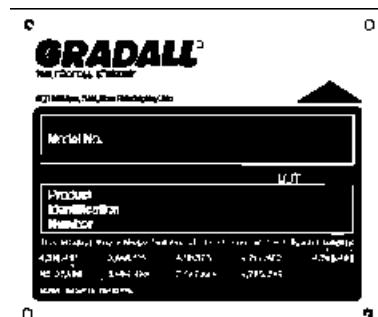
Specify PIN when ordering parts and when discussing specific applications and procedures with your distributor. The PIN plate is located on front, center portion of upperstructure frame.

Fastener and Fitting Torque

Torque values for mechanical fasteners and hydraulic fittings are given in *Appendix A, "Torque Chart"*. They must be adhered to at all times. *Loctite 242* must be used on all bolt threads. *Loctite 545* must be used on all hydraulic fittings. Whenever a hydraulic hose is tightened, two wrenches must be used; one to tighten the hose, the other to hold it from twisting. Hoses must lie and roll free of stress.

Models Covered

This Manual covers XL 2200 Crawler Mounted Excavators, starting Serial Number: 0221400.



PIN Location



The following symbols are used to call your attention to safety notices:



This symbol indicates an extreme hazard which would result in high probability of death or serious injury if proper precautions are not taken.



This symbol indicates a hazard which could result in death or serious injury if proper precautions are not taken.



This symbol indicates a hazard which could result in injury or damage to equipment or property if proper precautions are not taken.

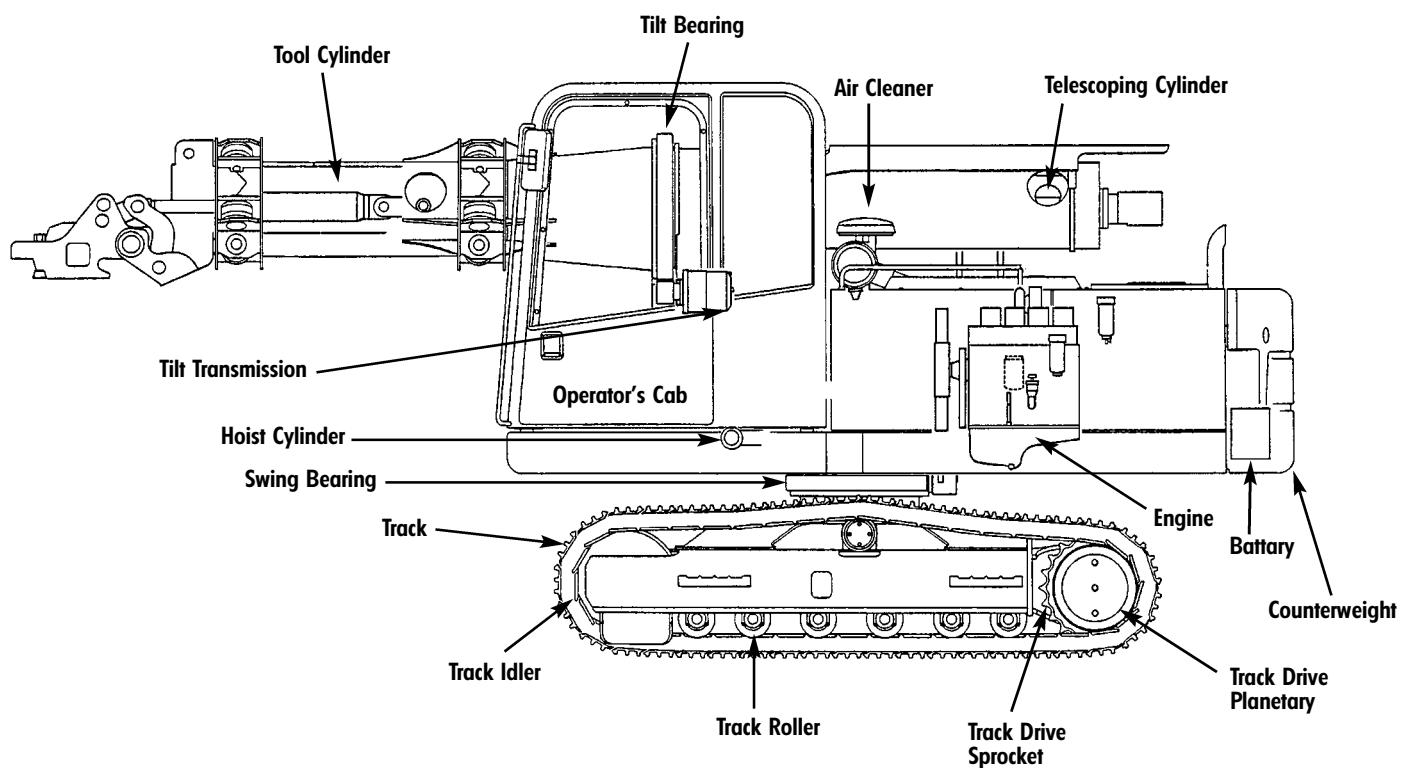
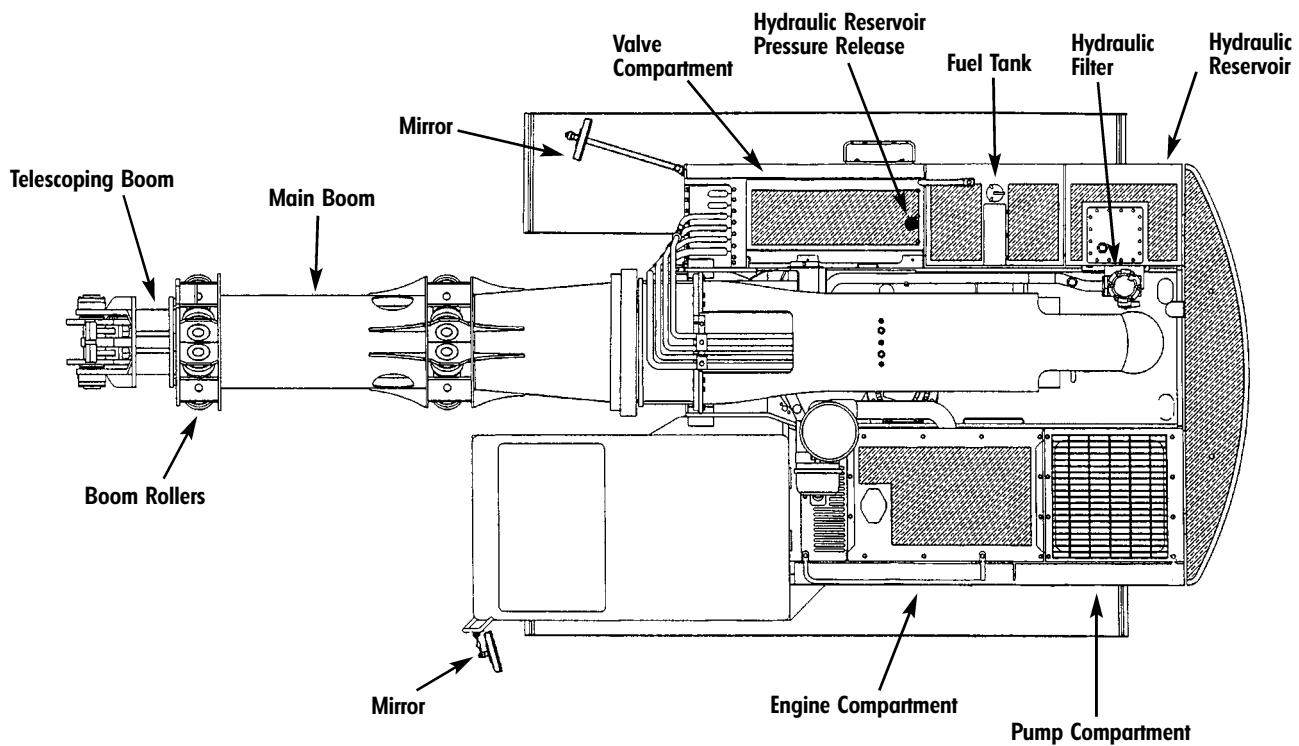
Safe operation depends on reliable equipment and proper operating procedures. Performing the adjustments and repairs described in this Manual will help to keep your Material Handler in reliable condition. Use of the recommended operating procedures can help you avoid accidents. Because some procedures may be new to even the experienced technician, we recommend that this Manual be read, understood and followed by all who service this machine.

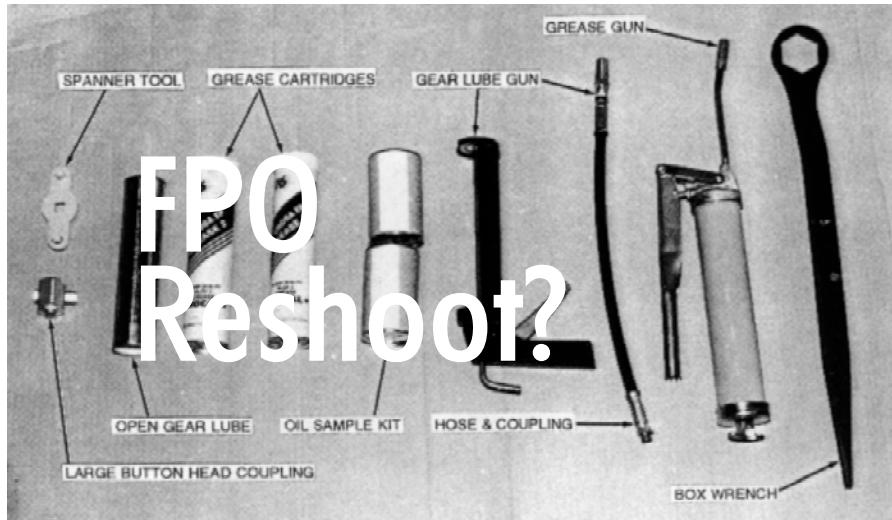
DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION notes in this Manual will help you avoid injury and damage to the equipment.

Any procedure not specifically recommended by GRADALL must be thoroughly evaluated from the standpoint of safety before it is placed in practice. If you are not sure, contact your GRADALL Distributor before operating.

Do not modify this machine without written permission from GRADALL.

Nomenclature





(Kit can be ordered under part number 8021-5004)

Qty.	Part No.	Part	Use to:
1	8504-1300	Grease Gun	Grease fittings
1	8504-1301	Hose and Coupling	Adapt grease gun to fittings
2	8504-1302	Grease Cartridges	Provide initial supply for grease gun
1	8504-1356	Box Wrench (1-7/8")	Install and remove attachment
1	8381-3109	Large Buttin Head Coupling	Adapt grease gun to adjust tracks
1	8664-1304	Open Gear Lubricant	Lubricate swing & tilt Gears
1	8664-1305	Open Gear Lube Gun	Apply open gear lubricant to gears
2	8093-3117	Oil Sample Kit with Mailer	Collect and submit hydraulic oil sample
1	8022-6035	Spanner Tool	Adjust boom rollers

Pinch Points

Stay clear of Pinch Points. Getting caught in a pinch point can cause serious injury or death!



Boom Holes



Bucket & Linkage



Access Covers



Counterweight & Another Object



Boom Cradle

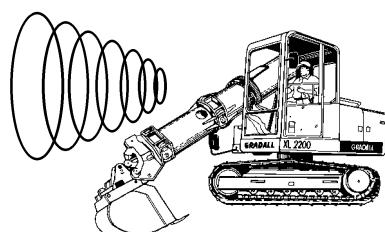


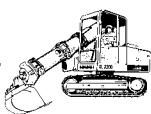
Upperstructure & Carrier

Other Basic Safety Issues



- !** Always maintain **3-point contact** with grab handles and steps when climbing on and off the machine. Never jump from the machine. Repair or replace any damaged steps and grab handles.
- !** Perform all "Checks & Services Before Starting The Engine" (pages ?? & ??) and all "Warm-Up & Operational Checks" (page ??) at the beginning of your shift. Complete all required maintenance before operating the XL 2200.
- !** Make sure all DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and Instructional Decals are in place and legible. Clean or replace decals as required.
- !** Owners often alter their machines. Make sure your XL 2200 fits the picture on the cover of this Manual. If not, contact your Authorized Gradall Distributor before operating the machine.
- !** Keep everyone off of the machine while it is operating. Be alert for anyone who may be working nearby.
- !** Never carry a water can, equipment, or other workers' tools or personal items on the machine. Such items can cause other workers to approach the machine without your knowledge and result in serious injury or death.
- !** Stay clear of moving fan, belts, pulleys, meshing gears, drive shafts and other moving parts. Do not operate the XL 2200 without covers and guards in place.
- !** Be particularly careful if this is not the machine you usually operate. Read the manuals listed on page 2 and then practice operating the machine in a safe, open area to become familiar with the controls.
- !** Learn and follow your employer's safety rules.
- !** Do not operate with bystanders or other workers nearby.
- !** Always sound the horn to warn others of unexpected machine movements—the horn button is located on top of left joystick. An automatic travel alarm warns others of machine travel in either direction.





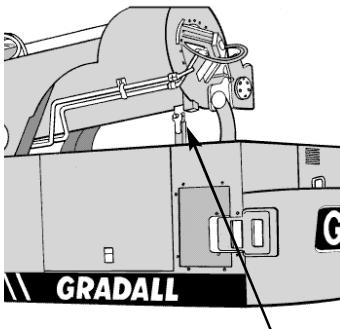
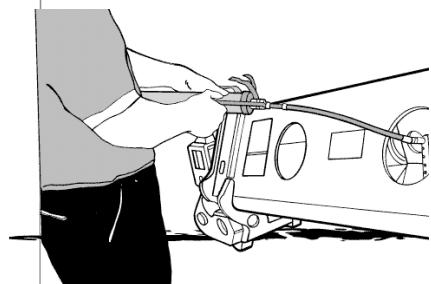
Pressure may persist in hydraulic circuits long after the engine has been shut down. This pressure can cause oil (or items such as pipe plugs) to "shoot out" at high speed if pressure is not released correctly. Refer to the XL 2200 Service Manual for proper procedures to relieve hydraulic pressure trapped in circuits.



Always relieve pressure trapped in circuits before disconnecting, removing or installing hydraulic components.



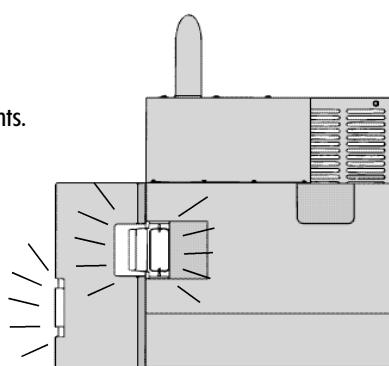
Always be sure attachment is resting firmly on ground and that engine is stopped before performing lubrication or maintenance procedures inside boom. Always lower boom to rest and stop engine before leaving cab.



Use the boom tie-down device to secure the boom before transporting the XL 2200.



Check the operation of all tail and swing lights.



Always check Lift Capacity Chart and plan lift (pages ?? and ??) to be certain lift can be performed safely.

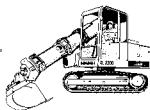
LOAD POINT HEIGHT	LOAD RADIUS
Above Ground Level	Maximum Radius 10' (3.0m) 15' (4.5m)
	20' (6.1m) Maximum Radius 10' (3.0m)
	10' (3.0m)
At Ground Level	
Below Ground Level	

CAUTION: All rated loads are based on the machine being stationary and level on a firm supporting surface. For safe operation, consider factors such as soil conditions, ambient temperature, wind velocity, visibility, availability of emergency ground, out of level conditions, side loads, hazardous conditions, experience of personnel, etc. The operator and supervisor must exercise good judgment and common sense when operating this machine. It is the responsibility of the operator to observe all applicable laws, regulations and safe practices when operating this machine, and rules for safe operation of equipment should be adhered to at all times.



Travel on grades is recommended only under the following conditions:

- Boom is fully retracted
- Tracks are properly adjusted
- Surface is firm enough to support the machine
- Surface provides adequate traction to prevent slipping
- Surface is not rough enough or steep enough to cause tipping
- Low travel speed is selected



Operate On Roadway Only Under Following Conditions:

- Adequate protection is positioned under tracks to prevent damage to road surface.
- Signal persons are positioned to observe and signal the operator for safe operation and travel and to guide traffic.
- Always be especially careful when using mirrors; distances are distorted and field of view is limited, especially when swinging. Always use a signal person when operating in tight quarters.
- Be certain area is clear of bystanders.
- All doors and covers are secured in fully closed position.
- Always sound horn as a warning before traveling.
- Be certain of location of buried pipelines, cables and overhead wired.



Whenever rotating equipment (such as a mower or mixer) is installed on machine, adequate shielding must be installed to deflect flying debris.

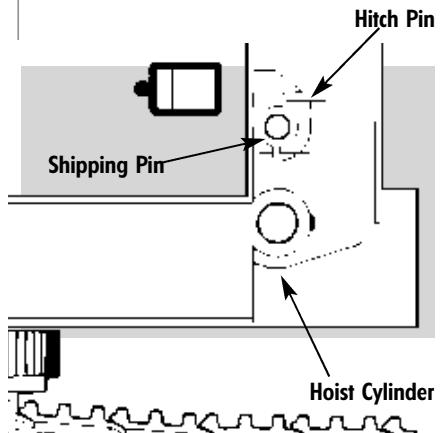


Never operate such equipment with other persons within range of possible flying debris. Be certain that mower discharge is never aimed at persons, equipment or structures.



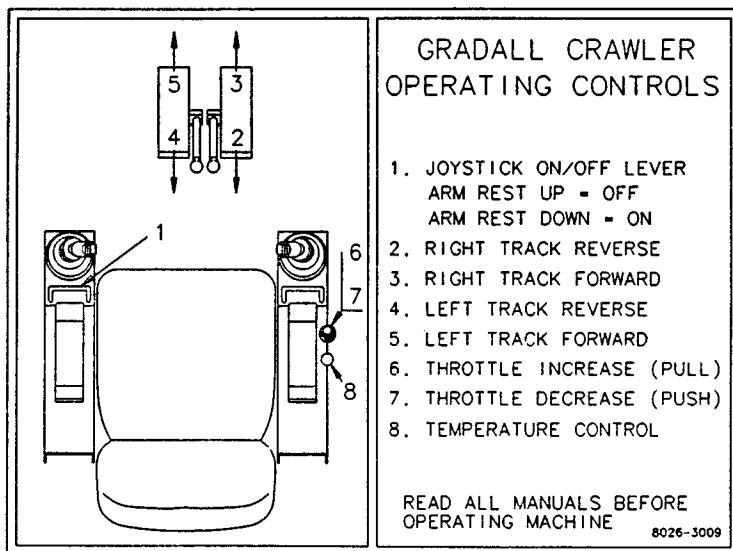
As an additional precaution, safety glass and appropriate window guards must be installed on machine.

Always install shipping pin and secure with hitch pin when preparing machine for transport. Shipping pin is stored in valve compartment.

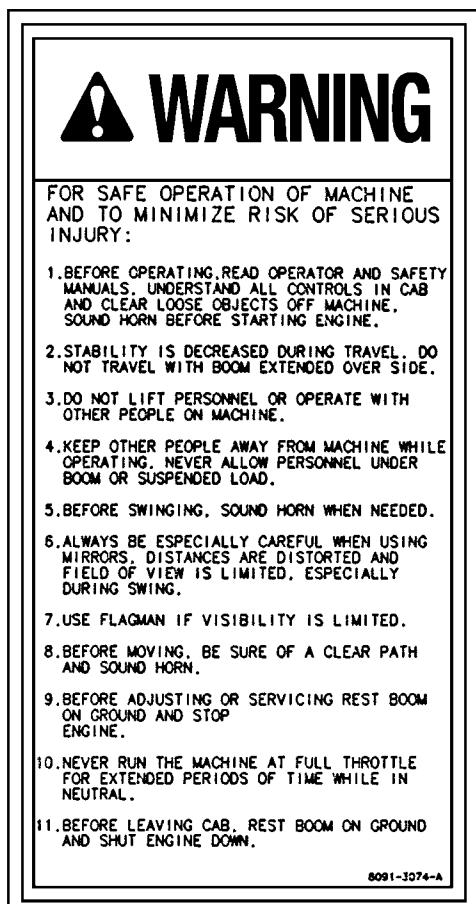


Travel On Off-Highway Grades Is Recommended Only Under The Following Conditions:

- Boom is fully retracted and parallel with tracks.
- Tracks are properly adjusted.
- Surface is firm enough to support unit.
- Surface provides adequate traction to prevent slipping.
- Surface is not rough enough or steep enough to cause tipping.
- Low travel speed is selected.
- There is no load in bucket, attached to boom, or in any other part of machine.



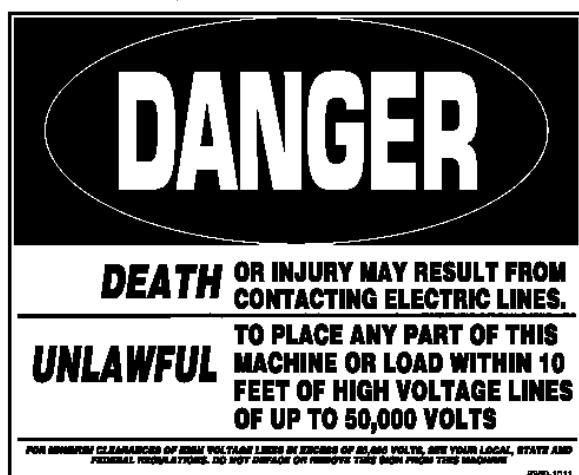
Located on right cab wall
P/N 8026-3009



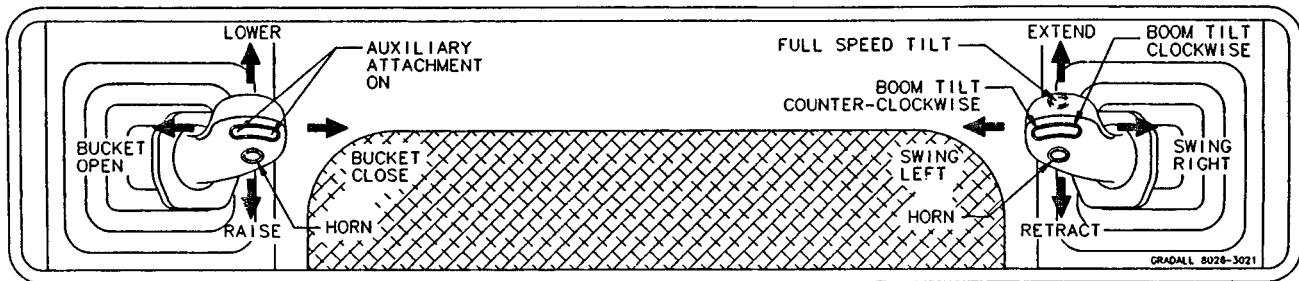
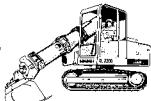
Located on right cab wall
P/N 8091-3074

MANUALS

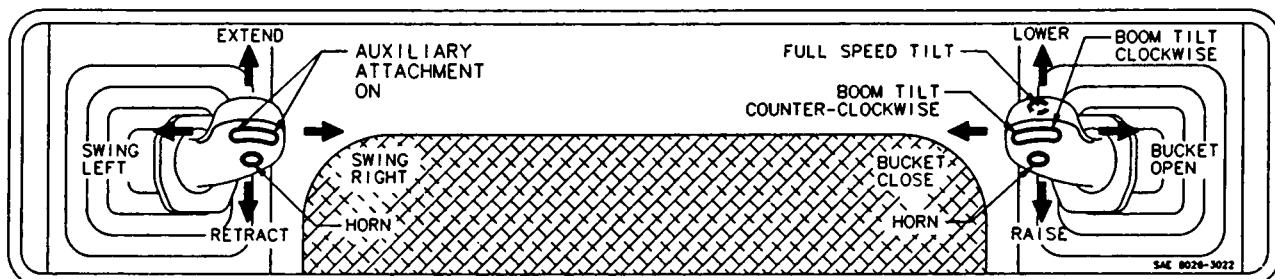
Located on manual holder
P/N 8321-1037



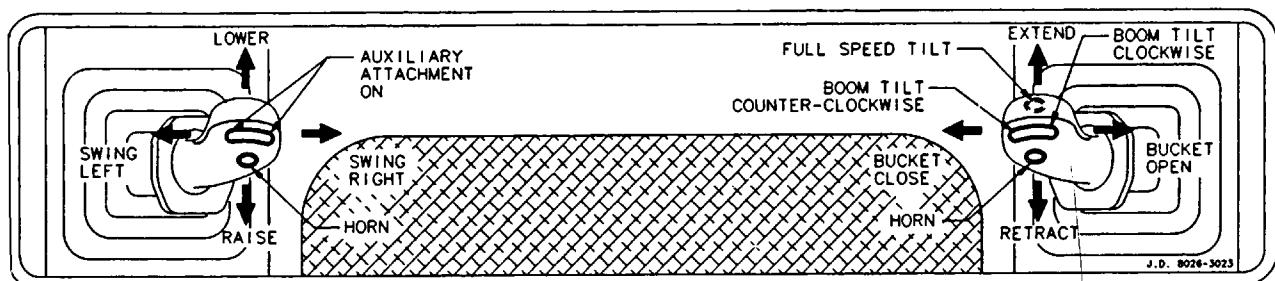
Located inside cab door
P/N 2-8360-1011



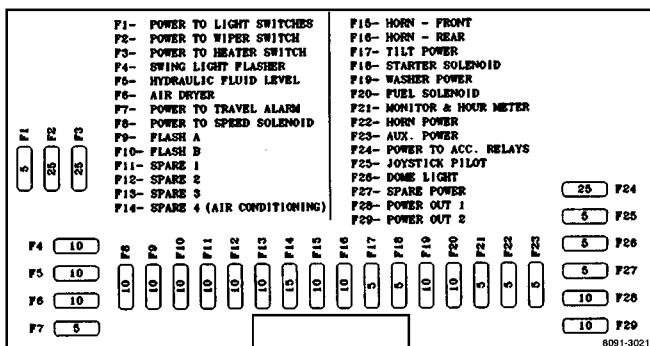
Located on right cab wall
P/N 8026-3021
(for Gradall control configuration)



Located on right cab wall
P/N 8026-3022
(for S.A.E. control configuration)



Located on right cab wall
P/N 8026-3023
(for John Deere control configuration)



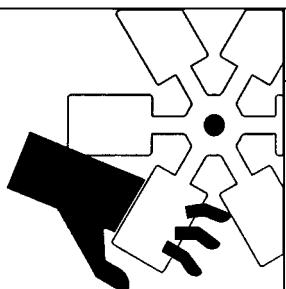
Located on fuse cover
P/N 8091-3021

Decals Outside Cab

WARNING

STAY CLEAR OF MOVING PARTS. FASTEN COVERS BEFORE STARTING ENGINE. READ SERVICE MANUAL BEFORE ADJUSTING OR SERVICING. MOVING PARTS CAN CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY.

8060-3038

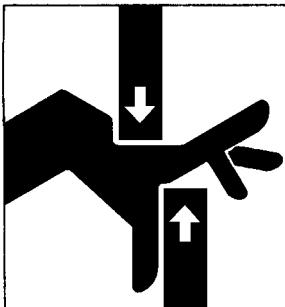


Located ??????
P/N 8060-3038

WARNING

BOOM HOLES AND OTHER PINCH POINTS CAN BE HAZARDOUS. KEEP HANDS AND ARMS OUT OF PINCH POINTS. REACHING INTO PINCH POINTS CAN CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

8060-3037



Located ?????
P/N 8060-3037

WARNING

MACHINE MAY HAVE SLIPPERY SURFACE. USE TWO HANDS WHEN CLIMBING ON MACHINE. FALLING FROM MACHINE MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

8060-3036



Located ??????
P/N 8060-3036

GRADALL

Genuine Parts

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

FILL WITH TRACTOR HYDRAULIC FLUID

Mobilfluid® 424

or equivalent.

For Mobil Product Information, Call 1-800-662-4525

9114-3288

Located beside pressure fill port
P/N 9114-3288

DIESEL FUEL

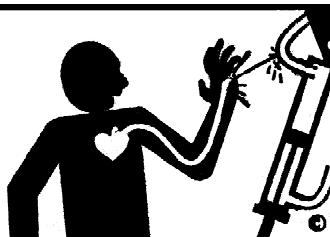
Located on fuel tank
P/N 7702-3008

WARNING

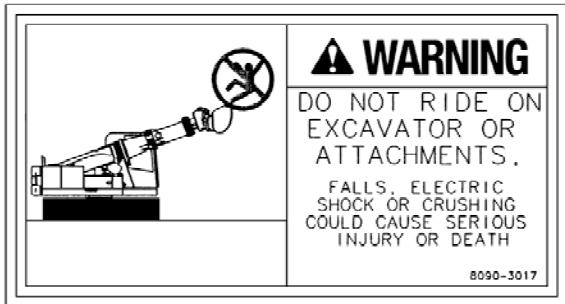
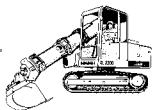
DO NOT GO NEAR LEAKS

- High pressure oil easily punctures skin causing serious injury, gangrene or death.
- If injured, seek emergency medical help. Immediate surgery is required to remove oil.
- Do not use finger or skin to check for leaks.
- Lower load or relieve hydraulic pressure before loosening fittings.

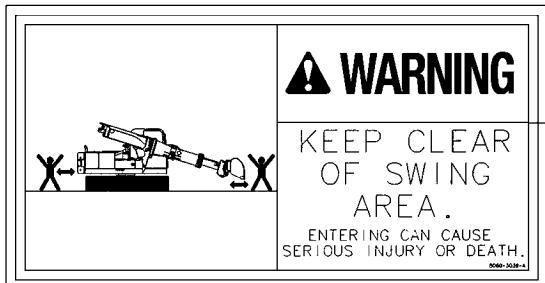
10614B



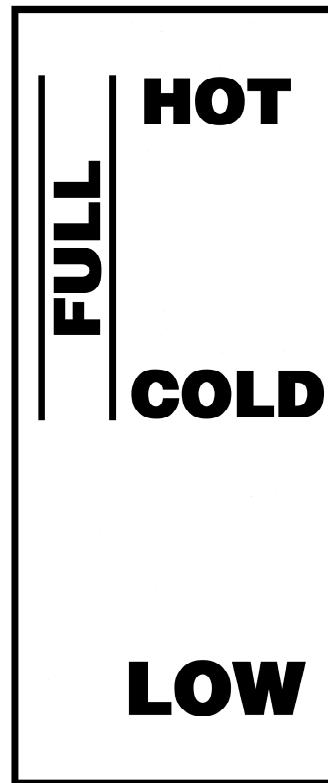
Located inside valve compartment door
P/N 9108-3492



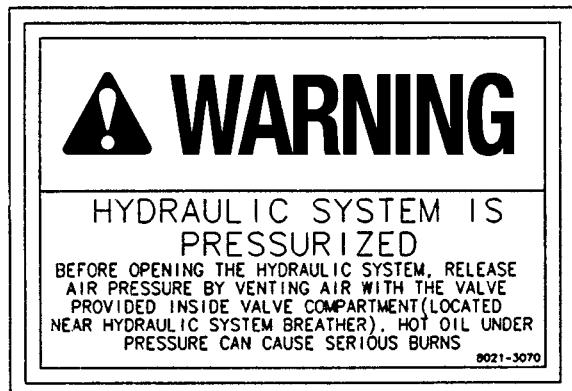
Located ????
P/N 8090-3017



Located ????
P/N 8060-3039



Located ????
P/N 2-8697-1197

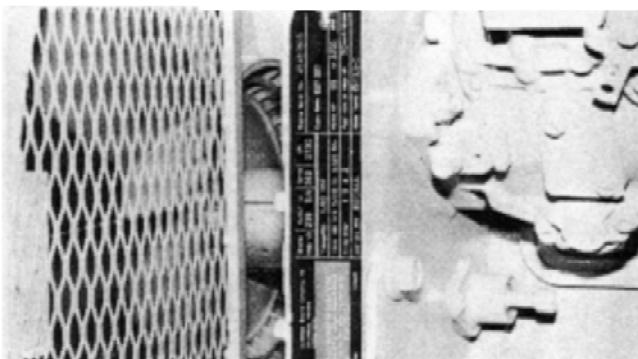


Located ????
P/N 8021-3070

Serial No Plates



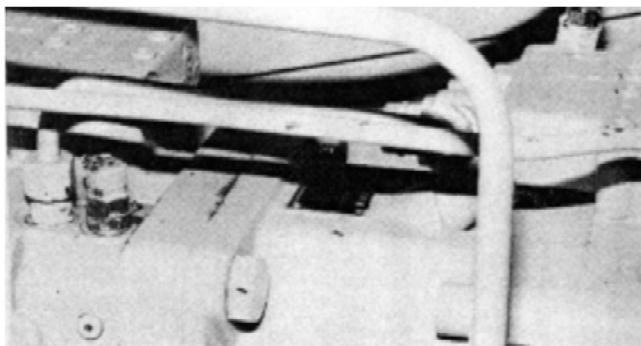
Machine P.I.N. Plate
Located on Front Upperstructure Frame



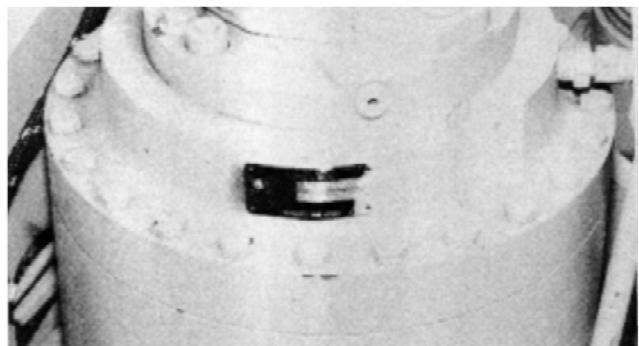
Engine
Located in Engine Compartment



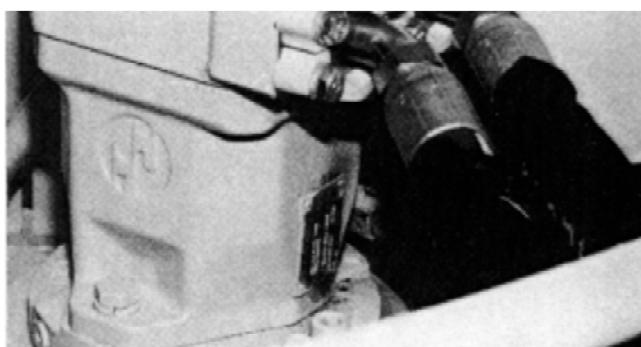
Main Hydraulic Pump
Located in Pump Compartment



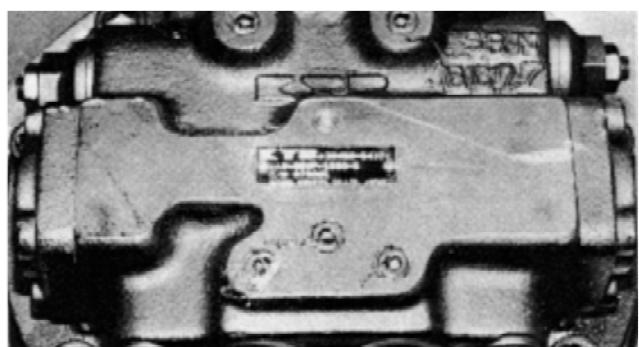
Implement Pump
Located in Pump Compartment



Swing Transmission
Located Beneath Boom Cradle



Swing Motor
Located on Swing Transmission



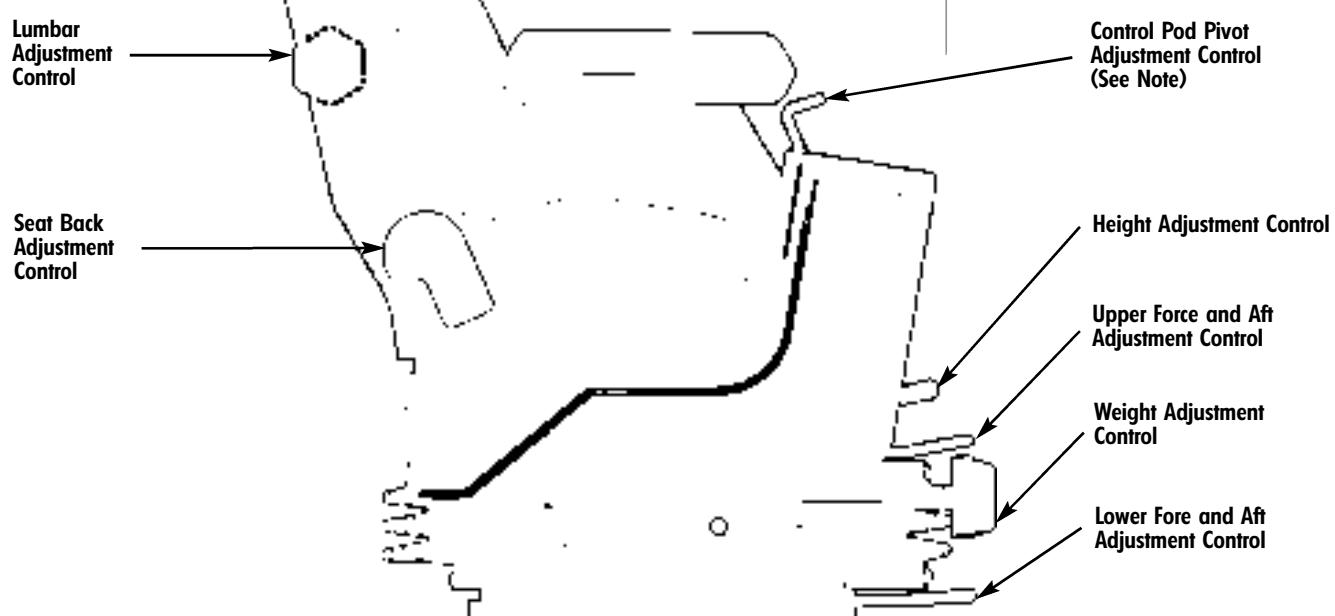
Track Drive Motors
Located Under Cover at Rear of Tracks

Operator's Cab



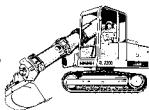
Perform all seat adjustments with engine stopped. Accidental actuation of controls can cause serious accidents.

It may become necessary to revise some adjustments to find the most comfortable operating position. Be sure to stop engine first.



Note!

Raise control to unlock control pod and armrest assembly. Reposition assembly as appropriate. Be certain lock pin is fully engaged to hold unit in selected position.



Heater

The cab is equipped with a heater located beneath the operator's seat. Engine coolant supplied to heater is controlled by a valve at rear of engine cylinder head and a push/pull knob located on right arm rest. Raise knob fully for maximum heat or depress knob fully for no heat. The three-speed heater fan must be operated to circulate heated air.

Air Conditioner (optional)

An air conditioner can be furnished as optional equipment. The air conditioner is controlled by a toggle switch located on instrument/control console. Air conditioner will operate only when heater/air conditioner fan switch is positioned for operation (High, Medium or Low). Turn off engine coolant at engine for maximum cooling.

Defrosting

Window defrosting can be accomplished by aiming defroster fan to direct air toward windows as appropriate. Defrost action can be increased by operating heater to provide warm air. Maximum defrosting is accomplished by operating both heater and optional air conditioner to provide warm dry air to defroster fan.

Heater/Air Conditioner Fan

The heater fan is located within heater housing and is controlled by a rotary switch located on instrument/console. It provides three levels of air circulation for heating, defrosting and air conditioning (high, medium or low).

Air is supplied to fan thru a vent in cab floor.

An air filter element is provided to clean outside air flowing to fan. Service element as indicated in Lubrication and Maintenance Diagram. Operating conditions may require more frequent element cleaning or replacement. A noticeable reduction of air flow from vents indicated a need to service element.



Always be certain to position boom or attachment on ground and stop engine before opening or closing door or front windows. Accidental actuation of controls can cause serious accidents.

In addition to heating, defrosting and optional air conditioning the cab is equipped for varying degrees of natural ventilation.

Door and upper front window must be latched in open or closed position during operation.

- Cab door can be latched in fully opened position. Lever to release door from latched-open position is located near lower door hinge.
- Main (upper) front window can be latched in partially or fully open position. Be certain window is secured firmly in position selected (including closed) using both latches.
- Lower front window can be removed and stored in rack behind seat.

Fire Extinguisher

A fire extinguisher is stored on cab wall behind operator's seat. Read and understand instructions furnished on extinguisher regarding its care and operation as well as the type of fires on which it may be used. Check often to be sure extinguisher is fully charged.

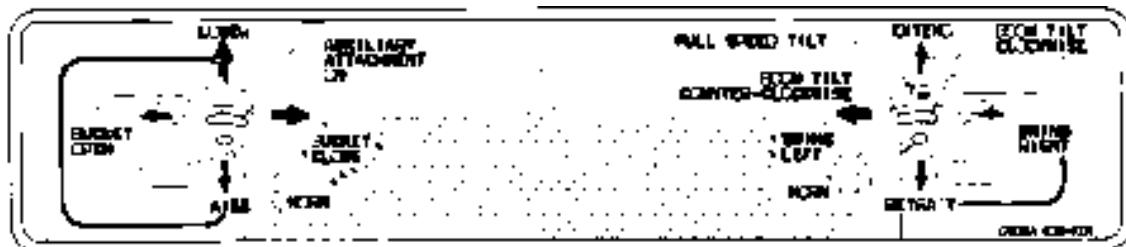
Cigarette Lighter

A cigarette lighter is provided on rear overhead panel. With lighter element removed, the receptacle can be used to power an auxiliary 12 VDC device equipped with an appropriate adapter.

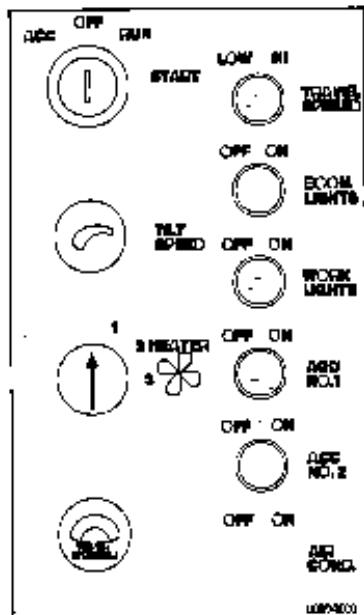
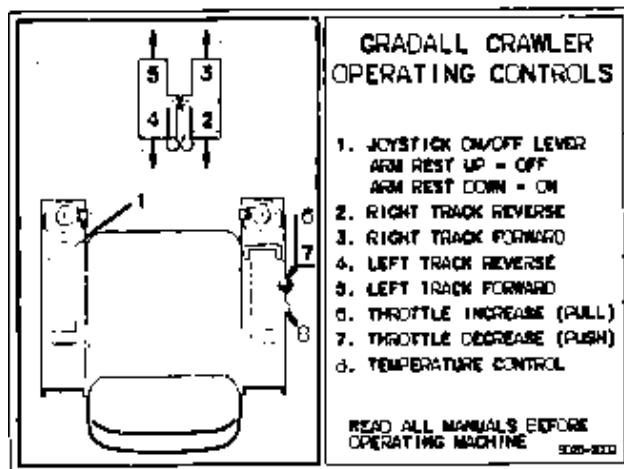
Control and Instrument Identification



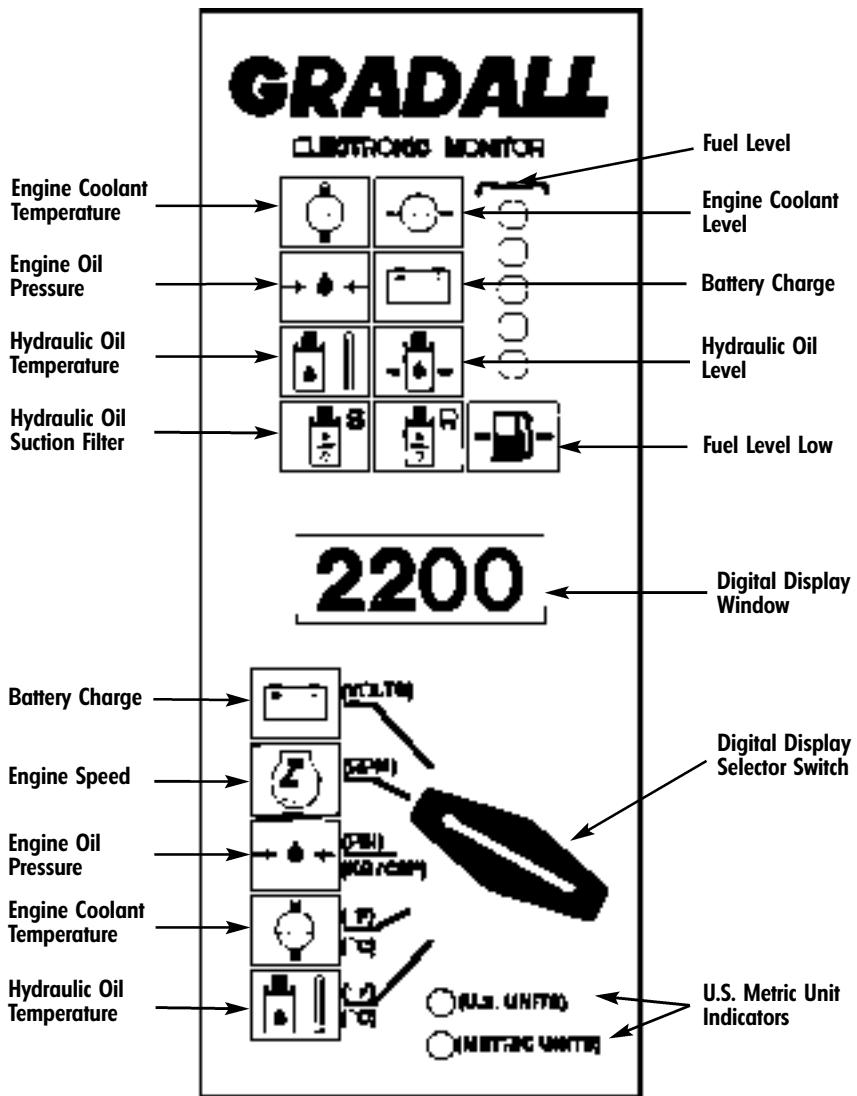
Test your controls before operating. The control pattern illustrated is the standard Gradall control pattern. If your machine controls have been modified to any other pattern, be certain you are familiar with their functions before operating and ensure that control diagram in cab is changed to show the actual pattern.



Standard Gradall control pattern is shown here.



Electronic Monitor



Ditigal Display Selector Switch & Symbols

This iswitch permits operator to choose which operating value will be shown in digital display window: battery charge, engine speed, engine oil pressure, engine coolant temperature or hydraulic oil temperature.

Appropriate symbol will glow (green) to indicate which value has been selected.

If value displayed flashes on and off, value is outside normal operating range.

U.S./Metric Unit Indicators

The operator may choose to have engine oil pressure, engine coolant temperature and hydraulic oil temperature shown in U.S. or Metric units as defined beside symbols.

Selection of units to be shown is made by a switch (not shown) located on bottom surface of monitor. Move switch as appropriate for U.S. units or for metric units.

U.S. or Metric mode must be selected with ignition switch in OFF position. Indicator light will glow (green) to show which mode has been selected.

Caution Symbols & Alarm



Battery Charge

Symbol glows (red) in response to low battery charge (below 11.6 VDC).

Engine Coolant Level

Symbol glows (red) and alarm sounds if coolant level falls below acceptable operating level.

Engine Coolant Temperature

Symbol glows (red) if coolant temperature exceeds 214°F. (101°C.). Alarm sounds if temperature reaches 220°F. (104°C.).

Engine Oil Pressure

Symbol glows (red) if oil pressure falls below 10 psi (.7 Kg/cm²). Alarm sounds if pressure remains below 10 psi (.7 Kg/cm²) for 10 seconds or longer.

Fuel Level

These five lights glow (green) to indicate approximate fuel level. For example, if all five are glowing, tank is full; if only the bottom three are glowing tank is approximately half full. With no lights glowing, tank is less than 10% full.

Fuel Level Low

Symbol glows (red) if fuel level falls below 15% full.

Hydraulic Oil Level

Symbol glows (red) and alarm sounds if oil level falls below acceptable operating level.

Hydraulic Oil Return Filter

Symbol glows (yellow) in response to excessive resistance to flow. Cold oil can cause symbol to glow. Refer to Warm-Up & Operational Checks (page 26) for details.

Hydraulic Oil Suction Filter

Symbol glows (yellow) and alarm sounds in response to a few conditions. Refer to Warm-Up & Operational Checks (page 26) for details.

Hydraulic Oil Temperature

Symbol glows (yellow) in response to excessive hydraulic temperature (1 80°F./82 °C.).

Check fuel level symbols on electronic monitor and replenish as necessary. It is recommended that the unit be refueled at the end of the work shift to minimize condensation.

Check engine coolant level symbol on electronic monitor and replenish as necessary. Be sure anti-freeze solution is adequate for expected temperatures. Be sure radiator and cooler fins are clean.

Checks & Services Before Starting Engine



(To be performed at beginning of each work shift.)

Complete all required maintenance before operating unit.



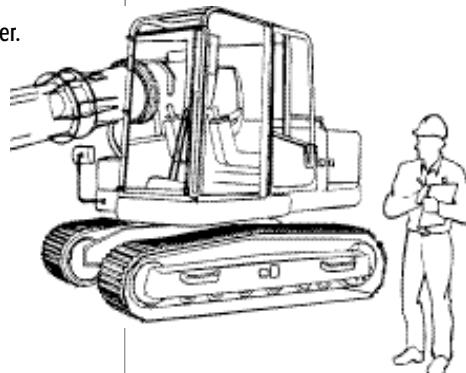
Use extreme caution when checking items beyond your normal reach. Use an approved safety ladder.

Before removing filter caps or fill plugs, wipe all dirt and grease away from the ports. If dirt is allowed to enter these ports, it can shorten the life of o-rings, seals, packing and bearings.

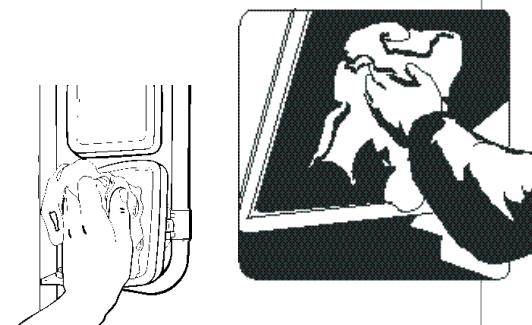
When adding fluids or lubricants, refer to lubrication section of this manual to determine proper type, specification and grade to be used.

If spark arrestors are required, be sure they are in place and in good working order.

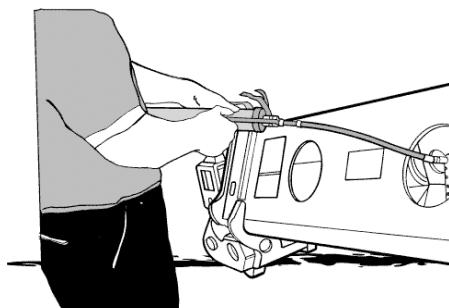
Inspect unit for obvious damage, vandalism and needed maintenance. Check for signs of fuel, lubricant, coolant and hydraulic leaks. Open all access doors and look for loose fittings, clamps, components and attaching hardware. Replace hydraulic lines that are cracked, brittle, cut or show signs of abrasion.

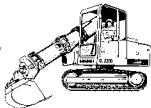


Check to be sure windows and mirrors are clean and undamaged. Also be certain mirrors are properly adjusted for operator's position.



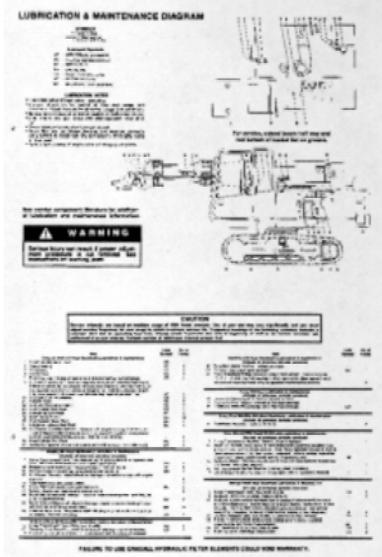
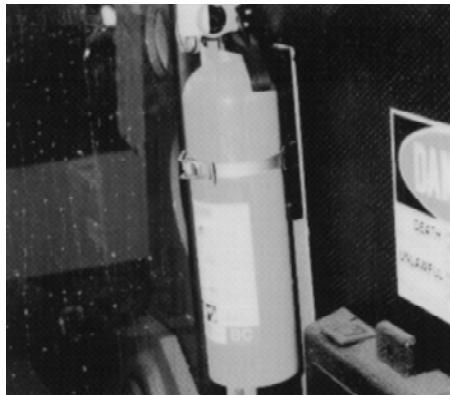
Check hydraulic fluid level in reservoir with boom extended half way and bottom of bucket flat on ground. Refill reservoir as necessary using proper fluid.





Service the unit in accordance with the lubrication and maintenance diagram and schedule.

Check for the presence of a fully charge fire extinguisher on wall behind operator's seat. Replace as necessary. Read and understand instructions regarding use and application (on extinguisher).



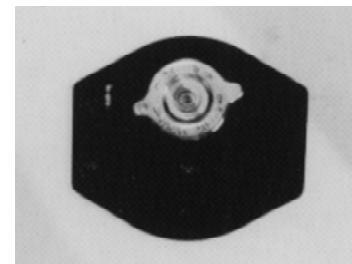
Always stop engine when refueling. Be sure area is free of open flame, sparks or any condition which could cause fuel or fuel vapor to ignite.

Check fuel level symbol on electronic monitor and replenish as necessary. It is recommended that the unit be refueled at the end of work shift to minimize condensation.



If it becomes necessary to replenish coolant in a hot radiator, stop engine and relieve pressure before removing the radiator cap. Relieve pressure by holding cap with heavy rags and turning cap slowly counterclockwise until sound of escaping pressure is heard. Wait a few minutes until sound of escaping pressure stops. Then remove cap cautiously.

Check engine coolant level symbol on electronic monitor and replenish as necessary. Be sure anti-freeze solution is adequate for expected temperatures. Be sure radiator and oil cooler fins are clean. Oil cooler is hinged to facilitate cleaning.



Engine Operation



Turning ignition switch to START position while engine flywheel is rotating can cause serious damage to engine and/or starting motor.

Starting the Cummins Engine

1. Insert ignition key and turn clockwise to RUN position while observing electronic monitor.

All monitor symbols should glow briefly as a bulb check. Following bulb check, symbols for battery charge, engine oil pressure, fuel level and hydraulic oil suction filter should continue to glow and alarm should sound.

If any other symbols continue to glow, correct cause before starting engine.

2. At temperatures above 32° F. (0° C.) throttle should be at low idle. At temperatures below 32° F. (0° C.) apply full throttle when cranking.
3. Sound horn as a warning before starting engine.
4. Turn ignition switch key clockwise to START position to engage starter motor. Release key immediately when engine starts. If engine fails to start within 30 seconds, release key and allow starter motor to cool before trying again.
5. After engine starts, reduce speed to low idle and observe engine oil pressure caution symbol on electronic monitor. Symbol should go out to indicate proper engine oil pressure. If symbol continues to glow for more than fifteen seconds, stop engine and determine cause. Correct cause of malfunction before restarting engine.
6. Observe battery charge caution symbol. Symbol should go out to indicate that charging system is functioning properly.
7. Observe hydraulic oil suction filter caution symbol. Symbol may go out in a few seconds to indicate hydraulic reservoir is pressurized and oil is flowing thru suction filter properly. Cold hydraulic oil may cause suction filter symbol to continue to glow and alarm to sound. Continue to step 8.
8. Adjust engine speed to approximately 1500 RPM and perform warm up and operational checks in next section of manual.

Cold Weather Starting Aids

Diesel engine ignition is accomplished by heat generated when fuel/air mixture is compressed within the cylinders. Because this heat may be insufficient to start a cold engine in cold weather, the use of starting aids has become common practice.

Because of the wide variety of starting aids available it would be impractical to attempt to provide specific instructions for their use in this manual. Carefully follow instructions furnished with your starting aid.

If you use a starting aid employing either or a similar substance pay particular attention to manufacturer's warnings...

Note!

If engine is being started at beginning of work shift be sure to perform all "CHECKS AND SERVICES BEFORE STARTING ENGINE" (PAGES 22 AND 23).

Normal Engine Operation



WARNING
Always operate with engine at full throttle to prevent possibility of stalling under heavy load.

Observe electronic monitor frequently to be sure all engine systems are functioning properly.

Engine Oil Pressure (minimum):

Cummins - 10 to 30 psi (69 to 207 kPa)

Engine Operating Temperature:

Cummins - 160 to 200°F.(71 to 93°C)

Battery charge indication of alternator output:

Approximately 14 volts with engine running at 2000 RPM.

Be alert for unusual noises or vibration. When an unusual condition is noticed, stop machine in a safe position and shut off engine. Determine cause and correct problem before continuing.

Avoid prolonged idling. Idling causes engine temperature to drop and this permits formation of heavy carbon deposits and dilution of lubricating oil by incompletely burned fuel. If the engine is not being used, turn it off.



CAUTION
Always keep engine covers closed while engine is running.

Stopping the Engine

Operate engine at idle speed for 3 to 5 minutes before turning it off. This allows engine coolant and lubricating oil to carry excessive heat away from critical engine areas. This is especially important for turbocharged engines.

Do not "gun" engine before shut down; this practice

causes raw fuel to remove oil film from cylinder walls and dilute lubricant in crankcase.

To stop engine, turn ignition key to "OFF" position. Always remove key from switch before leaving cab. Never leave cab with engine running.

Warm Up & Operational Checks



To be performed at beginning of each work shift

Complete all required maintenance before operating unit.

The safety, efficiency and service life of your excavator will be increased by performing the following operational checks while the engine and hydraulic oil are warming to operating temperature.

1. Observe electronic monitor digital display for appropriate values while switching to each position. Leave switch positioned for hydraulic oil temperature display.
2. Observe hydraulic oil suction filter caution symbol. If symbol continues to glow after two minutes of engine operation, perform the following procedure:
 - a. Increase engine speed to approximately half throttle.
 - b. Slowly raise and extend boom fully.
 - c. Retract and lower boom fully and return engine speed to low idle. These boom movements should have created sufficient positive pressure in reservoir to cause suction filter light to go out.
3. Observe hydraulic oil return filter caution symbol. If symbol is still glowing, observe hydraulic oil temperature value on digital display. Normally, symbol light will go out when hydraulic oil reaches approximately 60° F. (15.6° C.).

However, if this symbol flashes on and off during operation of these circuits, it can be assumed that return filter element is clogged and must be replaced.

4. Check operation of all excavator functions in both directions.
5. Check operation of travel functions in both directions and be certain that travel alarm sounds when traveling.
6. Stop engine and service all items which could not be serviced with machine in original position.



When excavator/crawler functions are not being used, reduce engine speed to low idle. When excavator functions are idle, there is little cooling flow thru main hydraulic pump and excessive heat can damage pump.

Note!

Step 3 requires that hydraulic oil be at least 60° F (15.6° C.). If necessary, increase engine speed to full throttle and stall boom extend function to speed warming of hydraulic system.

Note!

There is very light flow from main hydraulic pump until there is demand from circuits served by the pump (all boom functions and travel). With hydraulic oil temperature within operating range, and these functions at rest, it is unlikely that return filter indicator light will glow even if the filter is clogged.

Adapter Attachment Installation



WARNING
Keep boom in fully extended position while installing bucket. Stay clear until bucket adapter has been fitted to bucket as shown in step 2.



CAUTION
Digging with a loose or improperly fitted bucket can cause excessive wear, shear adapter can cause bolts or cause loss of bucket.

1. Be sure wedge bolts are secured in storage position (toward rear) and position bucket adapter above bucket bar as shown.



2. Lower boom until concave section of adapter contacts bucket bar.



3. Move adapter toward "bucket close" position until outer end of adapter contacts bucket. Ensure proper alignment and continue to close until adapter contacts stops.



4. Move wedge bolts forward and position wedge between adapter and bucket bar. Be certain wedge surfaces are flush between adapter and bar and tighten fully. Jog tool control a few times and re-tighten. Check often to be sure bolts remain tight.



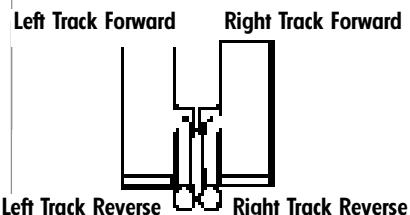
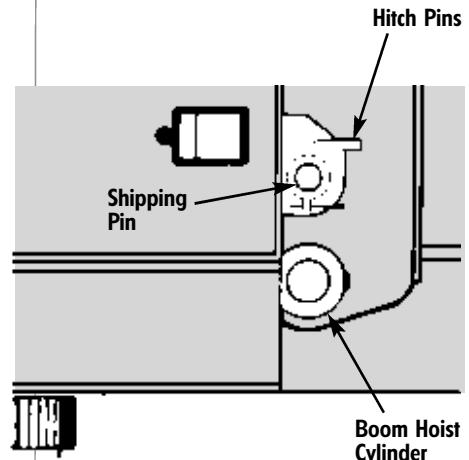
5. Position bucket linkage as desired.



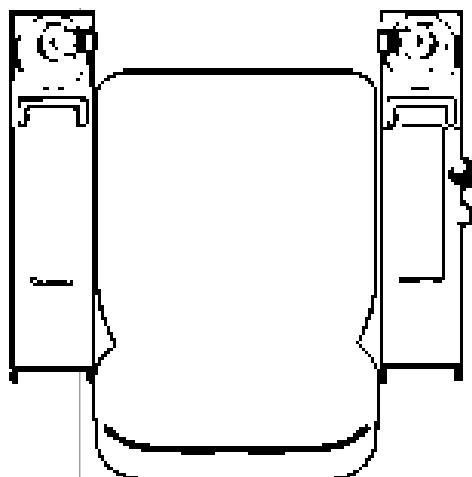
Use Your Crawler Properly



1. Travel in forward direction whenever possible (with track drive motors at rear). Traveling in reverse increases wear on sprockets and rollers.
2. Plan your work to equalize left and right turns. Constantly turning in one direction will cause track components to wear unevenly.
3. Apply power to both tracks when turning. When power is applied to only one track it becomes necessary for the driving track to overcome the drag of the other track.
4. Hard digging in one spot can cause as much track wear as frequent moves. Do not neglect service to tracks and sprockets because of infrequent moves.
5. Rough operation and operation on uneven ground can cause unnecessary wear and damage to track components. Reasonable operation and regular maintenance will extend track life significantly.
6. Mud, frozen mud and debris can prevent rollers from turning and cause flat spots. Clean track components as often as necessary.
7. Never park crawler units on a steep incline or on the side of a hill. This can distort roller seals and cause a loss of lubricant which could ruin the rollers.
8. Always install shipping pin and secure with hitch pins when preparing machine for transport. Shipping pin is stored on rear wall of valve compartment. Do not tie down front of boom.



Engage Pedal/Lever as indicated for desired functions



Crawler Controls

Track Drive Pedals/Levers: Track drive pedals/levers permit independent control of each track and its brake. Brake is released when pedal or lever is actuated and applied when pedal or lever is released. Use of controls is illustrated on next page.

Speed Control

Your crawler is equipped with a toggle switch to select crawler speed range.

High Speed: Move toggle to right.

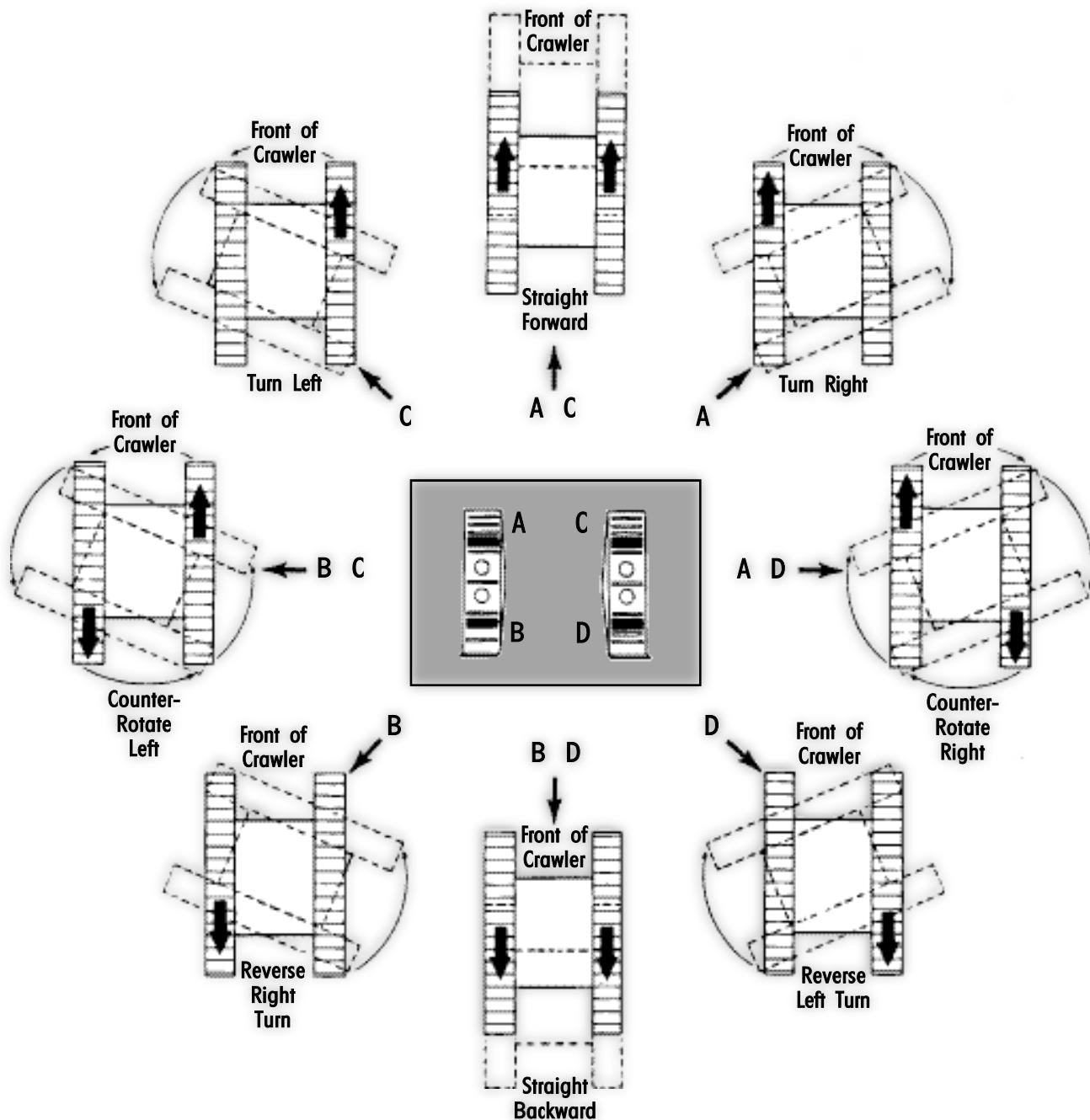
Low Speed: Move toggle to left for maximum tractive effort and maneuverability in tight quarters.

Speed changes can be made while traveling or when stopped.

How to Operate the Crawler



Practice with travel controls in a safe, open area.



WARNING

Avoid confusion! Before actuating track drive pedals, think about the direction you are facing with respect to the direction the crawler is facing. (Drive sprockets are at rear of crawler). Confusion could cause you to travel in the direction opposite that expected.

A Typical Gradall Digging Cycle



1. Position unit for efficient digging cycle and check for appropriate clearances.



Avoid accidental actuation of controls. Always stop engine before repositioning door and windows for ventilation.

2. Stop engine and secure door and windows in desired position for ventilation. Remove shipping pin from boom and store in valve compartment.

3. Warm up engine and hydraulic oil and then move throttle to full throttle position.



Test your controls before operating. The control pattern shown is the standard Gradall pattern. If controls have been modified to another pattern, be sure you are familiar with functions and ensure that diagram in cab shows actual pattern.

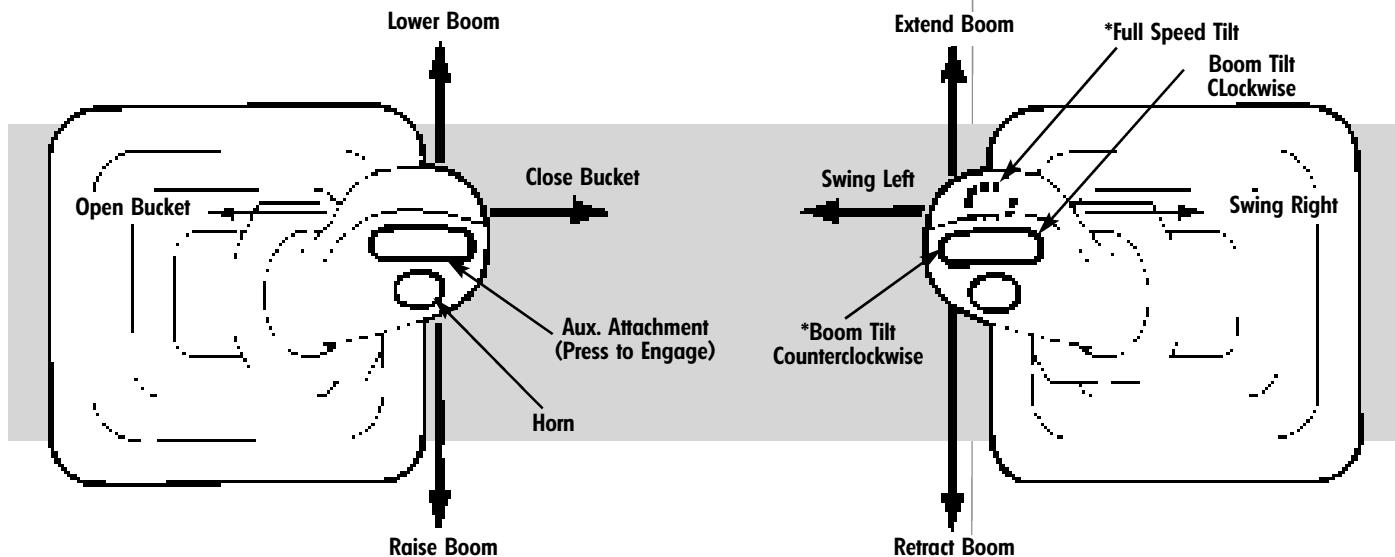
4. Be certain left armrest is locked in down position to energize joysticks and pedals.

Practice with controls in a safe, open area.



When excavator/crawler functions are not being used, reduce engine speed to low idle. When excavator functions are idle, there is little cooling flow thru main hydraulic pump and excessive heat can damage pump.

Always operate with engine running at full throttle to prevent stalling under heavy load.



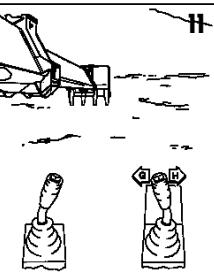
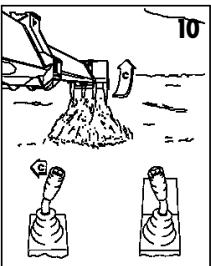
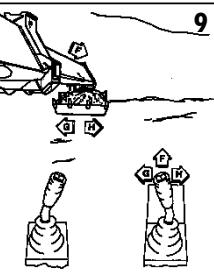
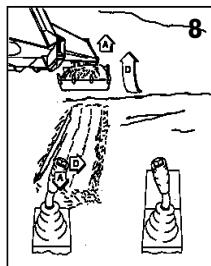
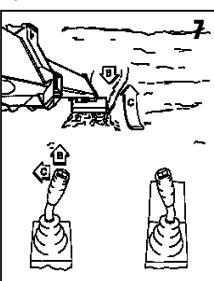
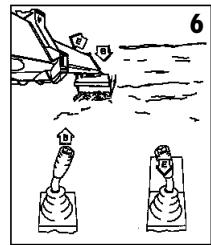
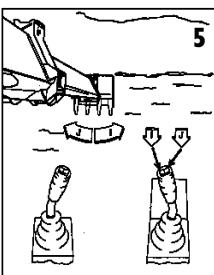
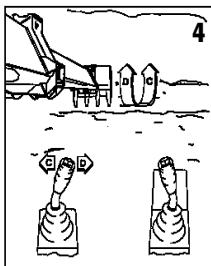
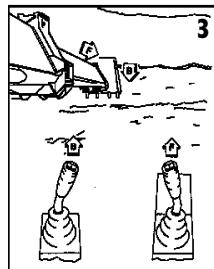
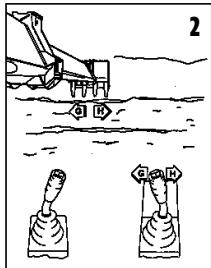
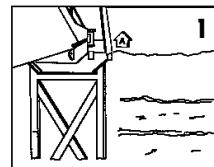
*If tilt speed has been reduced for conditions (see page 20) speed can be temporarily increased to maximum by depressing FULL SPEED TILT button.

Joysticks & Pedals Return to Neutral Position When Released.

A Typical Digging Cycle



1. Pull back on the left joystick (A) to raise the boom from the boom rest. Be sure to raise the boom far enough to clear all obstructions.
2. Move the right joystick to the left (G) to swing left or to the right (H) to swing the boom end to digging site.
3. While pushing the right joystick forward (F) to extend the boom, push the left joystick forward (B) to lower the boom to position for the start of the cut.
4. Move the left joystick to the left (C) to open the bucket or to the right (D) to close the bucket for correct penetration. Teeth should angle downward slightly (about 5°). The angle may be greater for soft digging.



Lifting and Positioning A Load



Precautions

- Do not depend on machine tipping as a warning of overload. Some load ratings are based on hydraulic lift capacity, not stability.
- Hydraulic relief valve settings must be correct when lifting and positioning loads.
- Suspend loads only as shown. Passing load line over open bucket can cause uncontrolled movement of load. Boom must be tilted to level position.
- Always operate at full engine RPM when handling a heavy load. This prevents stalling under load.
- Keep everyone clear of machine (especially the boom and suspended load). Use guide ropes to position load.
- Do not travel with a suspended load. Excavators are not designed for pick and carry lifts.
- Sudden swing braking can cause unexpected movement of the load and tip the machine.
- Be sure tracks are properly adjusted before traveling with a load.
- Keep load line vertical. Side loads can cause structural damage and tip the machine.
- Use appropriate lift capacity chart if unit has a boom extension attached.
- Be thoroughly familiar with excavator hand signals (shown at end of manual).

General

The excavator can lift and position loads safely only if you plan the lift properly.



Failure to plan a lift properly can cause death or serious injury.

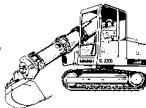
There is a great lift capacity difference between the excavator's best and worst lift positions. Just because it can lift a load from one point does not mean it can safely deliver the load to any other point.

For example, the second best lifting position is with the excavator level, the boom level and fully retracted.

Assume that you have just lifted the rated load (7035 pounds) from a truck with the unit in this position. You may raise the boom 2 feet, 3 inches to the very best lifting position. Also, since all loads shown on the chart are based on hydraulic limits (not stability limits) you may safely swing to any position. However, load limits begin to be exceeded if you lower the boom below horizontal or above 10 foot LOAD POINT HEIGHT. Study "LOAD POINT HEIGHT" and "MIN. RADIUS" columns on Rated Lift Capacity Chart while reading this paragraph again. Also note how the load capacities decrease for other conditions (other columns).

The point is, you must plan the lift based on the worst condition of the lift and delivery, not the best. The worst condition can only be determined by performing an UNLOADED TEST LIFT AND DELIVERY of the load.

The "common sense" and "feel" an experienced operator might apply in regard to "tipping loads" DOES NOT APPLY to loads limited by hydraulic lift capacity. All loads shown on chart in cab are hydraulic lift capacities. Exceeding these capacities can cause a relief valve to open allowing the load to fall, or in some cases, the machine to tip over.



Positioning Machine for A Lift

Before discussing the steps in planning a lift, let's consider the most favorable excavator positions for making a lift.

Whenever possible, the machine should be on a firm, level surface when making a lift. Also, avoid traveling with a load if possible.

The shorter the load radius, the greater the lift capacity. Position the unit to minimize boom extension and swing while keeping a safe distance from obstructions and excavations.

Finally, position machine to gain maximum visibility of load and delivery point. If conditions do not permit a clear view, use a signal man.

Planning A Lift

1. Determine the weight of the load. Weight of slings, chains and auxiliary lifting devices must be added as part of the load. Refer to lift capacity chart for weight adjustment required for bucket.
2. Move the machine to the best probable position for making the lift.
3. Perform an unloaded trial run of lift to determine maximum boom height/depth and load radius required to complete lift.
4. Measure boom height/depth from hole in adapter to ground level (same level as bottom of tracks). Be sure to allow for length of chain and height of load.
5. Measure load radius from inner corner of frame at front of cab to vertical load line and add distance to center of rotation (69 inches).
6. Refer to lift capacity chart column for required load radius. If required radius is between columns, use column for next larger radius.
7. Check the appropriate capacities for required boom height/depth. The smaller of these capacities is the maximum is the maximum load permitted for lift conditions.
8. To determine practical working load limits the operator must also consider wind, hazardous conditions, experience of personnel and proper load handling.



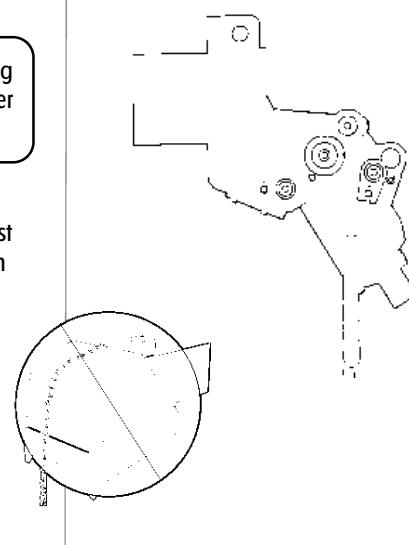
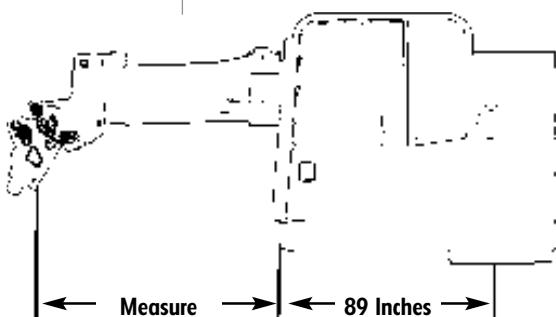
The automatic boom tilt brake will not prevent boom from tilting in response to an external load. Load must be centered under bucket adapter with boom level from side to side.

To lift loads, remove bucket, level boom from side to side and close adapter fully against stops. Pass chain thru adapter as shown and be certain chain is locked on itself. A chain can be used for light loads with bucket installed and adapter closed against stops.

Never pass load line over open bucket. Relief valves in bucket circuit could cause unexpected dangerous movement of the load. Bucket linkage could also be damaged.

Note!

Lift capacities are based on machine being on a firm, level surface and also on load being freely suspended beneath bucket adapter.



Lubrication & Maintenance Chart

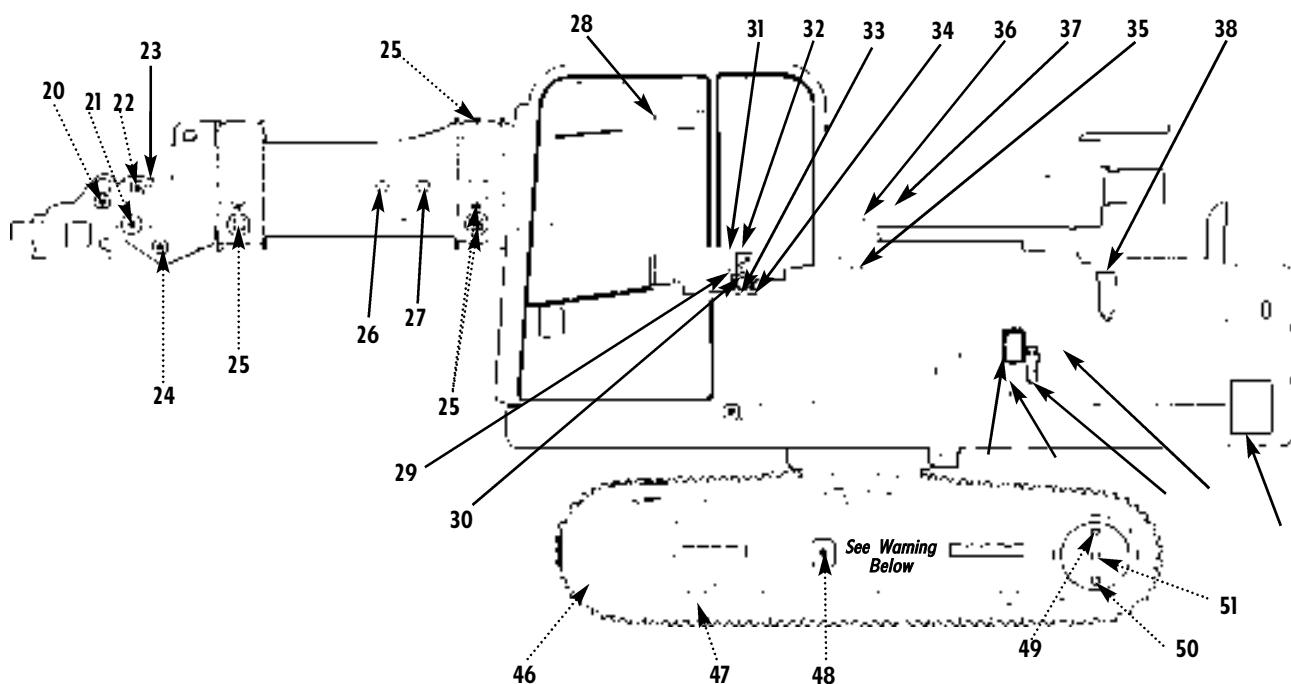
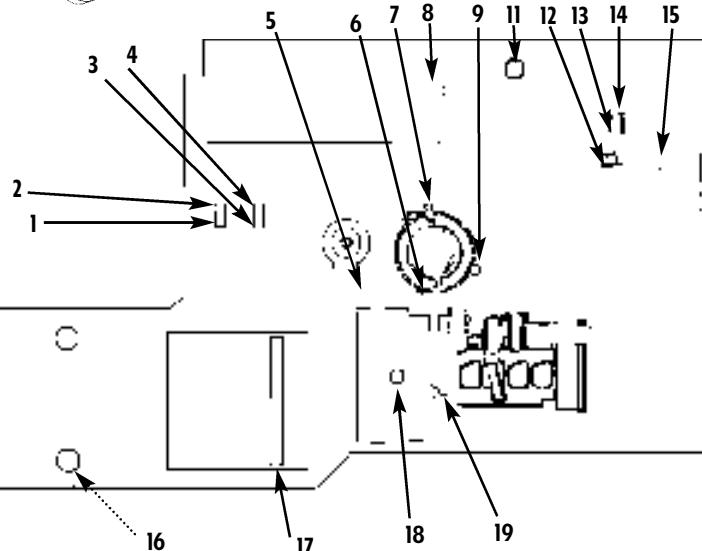


Symbols

- = Lube Fitting
- = Other Service
- = Service Both Sides

Lubricant Symbols

- AF - Anti-Freeze (permanent)
- CG - Grease (extreme pressure)
- DF - Diesel Fuel
- EO - Engine Oil
- GL - Open Gear Lubricant
- GO - Multi-purpose Lube
- HF - Hydraulic Fluid



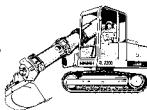
See vendor component literature for additional lubrication and maintenance information.

Lubrication Notes

- Clean lubrication fittings before lubricating.
- Intervals shown are for normal (8 hour day) usage and conditions. Adjust intervals for abnormal usage and conditions.
- Service items indicated by dotted leaders on both sides of unit.
- Drain engine and gear cases only after operation when oil is hot.
- Check lubricant levels when lubricant is cool.
- Clean filter and air cleaner housing and reusable elements using solvent or diesel fuel. Dry components thoroughly using lint free cloth.
- Apply a light coating of engine oil to all linkage pivot points.



WARNING
Serious injury can result if proper adjustment procedure is not followed. See instructions on warning plate.



Service intervals are based on machine usage of 1500 hours annually. Use of your unit may vary significantly and you must adjust service frequency for your usage to obtain maximum service life. Frequency headings in the following schedule indicate a calendar limit and an operating hour limit. Always check hourmeter and date at beginning of shift to be certain services are performed at proper interval. Perform service at whichever interval occurs first.

Item	Lube Symbol	No. of Points
Daily or Shift (10 Hour U-maximum) Lubrication & Maintenance		
1. Hoist Cylinder Barrel Pivot	CG	1
2. Swing Bearing	CG	2
3. Tilt Bearing	CG	2
4. Cradle Pivot	CG	2
11. Fuel Filler Cap (fill daily at end of work shift to minimize condensation)	DF	1
13. Hydraulic Fluid Level (check with machine level boom extended half way & bottom of bucket flat on ground - if required stop engine & vent reservoir by un-seating vent valve stem of reservoir breather [81- refill thru pressure fill port [12] using adapter P/N 8364-1564 OR refill thru main return filter [15])	HF	1
20. Tool Link Pivot (at adapter)	CG	2
21. Adapter Pivot	CG	2
22. Tool Link Pivot (at cylinder)	CG	2
23. Tool Cylinder Rod Pivot	CG	1
24. Connecting Link Pivot	CG	2
25. Boom Roller Pivots	CG	12
26. Tool Cylinder Base Pivot	CG	1
27. Extension Cylinder Rod Pivot	CG	1
36. Air Cleaner Condition Indicator (observe with engine running at full throttle-clean or replace primary [outlet] element as required - replace safety [inner] element every third primary service - item 37 is air cleaner)	CG	1
39. Hoist Cylinder Rod Pivot	CG	1
43. Crankcase Dipstick (check lubricant level & refill as required - [44 is filler cap])	EO	1
Weekly (50 Hour Maximum) Lubrication & Maintenance (include all previous periodic services)		
7. Swing Transmission Level Cap (remove cap & fill plug [item 9] if required add lube until it runs from level cap port - Install cap & plug)	GO	1
18. Radiator (check level & anti-freeze protection - refill as required)	AF	1
29. Tilt Brake Level Plug (check level & refill as required)	HF	1
30. Tilt Transmission Level Plug (check level & refill as required)	GO	1
35. Air Cleaner Vacuum Valve (check for damage - should be empty with engine stopped)	-	1
33. Fuel/Water Separator (drain water)	-	2
40. Swing Bull Gear (apply open gear lubricant)	GL	1
46. Track Idler (observe for leakage - repair or replace leaking idler - add SAE 30 or 40 to repaired idler)	EO	2
47. Track Rollers (observe all rollers for leakage - repair or replace leaking rollers - add SAE 30 or 40 to repaired roller)	EO	14
51. Phnetarg Gear Level Plug (check level with plugs in position shown & refill as necessary - Item 49 is fill plug)	GO	2
At End of First 30 Days (250 Hours Maximum) Lubrication & Maintenance		
6. Swing Transmission Drain Plug (drain & refill)	GO	1
50. Planetary Gear Drain Plug (drain & fill to level with lugs in position shown)	GO	2
• Check torque of all items listed in torque table (refer to operator's manual)	-	-
Monthly (125 Hour Maximum) Lubrication & Maintenance (include all previous periodic services)		
19. Drive Belt (check condition - replace as required)	-	1
28. Tilt Gear (apply open gear lubricant)	GL	1
48. Track Adjustment Fitting (check for proper track tension - there should be $\frac{13}{16}$ in. [21 mm] sag between top of track idler & upper support roller - adjustment must be made only by qualified maintenance person)	-	2
Every 250 Hour Lubrication & Maintenance (include all previous periodic services)		
17. Heater Air Filter (Inspect & clean or replace as required)	-	1
41. Engine Oil Filter (replace element at 250 hour intervals)	-	1
42. Crankcase Drain Plug (change oil at 250 hour intervals)	EO	1
Every Four Months (500 Hour Maximum) Lubrication & Maintenance (include all previous periodic services)		
38. Fuel/Water Separator (replace element)	-	2
Semi-Annual (750 Hours Maximum) Lubrication & Maintenance (include all previous periodic services)		
5. Swing Transmission Breather (remove clean or replace)	-	1
13. Hydraulic System (have hydraulic fluid analyzed to determine condition - use test port mini-check to obtain sample - drain flush, replenish & bleed if required & clean suction screen [14] when system is drained - refer to service manual for procedure to bleed system before starting or operating unit)	HF	1
15. Hydraulic Return Filter (replace element if it has not been replaced in previous 750 hours - also clean magnet)	-	1
31. Tilt Transmission Fill Port Breather (remove, clean or replace)	-	1
32. Tilt Brake Breather (remove clean or replace)	-	1
45. Battery (check electrolyte level & refill as required)	-	1
• Check torque of all items listed in torque table (refer to operator's manual)	-	-
Annual (1500 Hour Maximum Lubrication & Maintenance (include all previous periodic services)		
6. Swing Transmission Drain Plug (drain & refill)	GO	1
8. Hydraulic Reservoir Breather (replace element)	-	1
13. Hydraulic System (unless hydraulic fluid is analyzed semi-annually to check level of contamination system must be drained flushed replenished & bled annually - clean suction screen [14] when system is drained - see service manual for procedure to bleed system before starting or operating unit)	HF	1
16. Joystick Plungers (raise boot & lube rounded top of each plunger)	CG	8
18. Engine Cooling System (drain & refill cooling system based on period suggested by anti-freeze manufacturer)	-	1
33. Tilt Brake Drain Plug (drain & refill)	HF	1
34. Tilt Transmission Drain Plug (drain & refill)	GO	1
50. Planetary Gear Drain Plug (drain & refill)	GO	2

FAILURE TO USE GRADALL HYDRAULIC FILTER ELEMENTS COULD VOID WARRANTY.

Recommended Lubricants & Capacities



APPLICATION	SYMBOL	GRADE**	Specifications		Capacities*	
			GENERAL	ISO	ENGLISH	LITERS
Crawler Planetary	GO (multi-purpose lube)	EP 80/90	MIL-L-2105D		11.6 pints	5.5
Engine Cooling System	AF (anti-freeze/water)	50/50 mix	Permanent		23.3 quarts	22
Engine Crankcase	EO (engine oil)	15W-40	Mil-L-2104E		11.6 quarts	11
Grease Fittings	CG (extreme pressure lube)	No. 2	—		—	—
Hydraulic System	HF (hydraulic fluid)	***	***		55 gallons	208.5
Swing Bull Gear	GL (open gear lubricant)	—	Part NO. 8664-1304		—	—
Swing Transmission	GO (multi-purpose lube)	EP 85/140	MIL-L-2105D		5 quarts	4.73
Tilt Brake	HF (hydraulic fluid)	***	***	Refill to lower level plug		
Tilt Bull Gear	GL (open gear lubricant)	—	Part No. 8664-13-4		—	—
Tilt Transmission	GO (multi-purpose lube)	EP 85/140	MIL-L-2105D		1.5 pints	.71
Track Idler	EO (engine oil)	SAE 30-40	MIL-L-2104E		7.8 ounces ea.	.23
Track Rollers	EO (engine oil)	SAE 30-40	MIL-L-2104E		9.6 ounces ea.	.28

*Capacities are approximate; check level to be sure.

**May vary; check vendor literature in service manual for ambient temperature limits.

***Hydraulic Fluid Specifications:

Pour Point -46° F; SSU @ 100° F. 275; Flash point 442° F.

Approved Supplier & Type: Mobile Mobilfluid 424.

Torque Chart



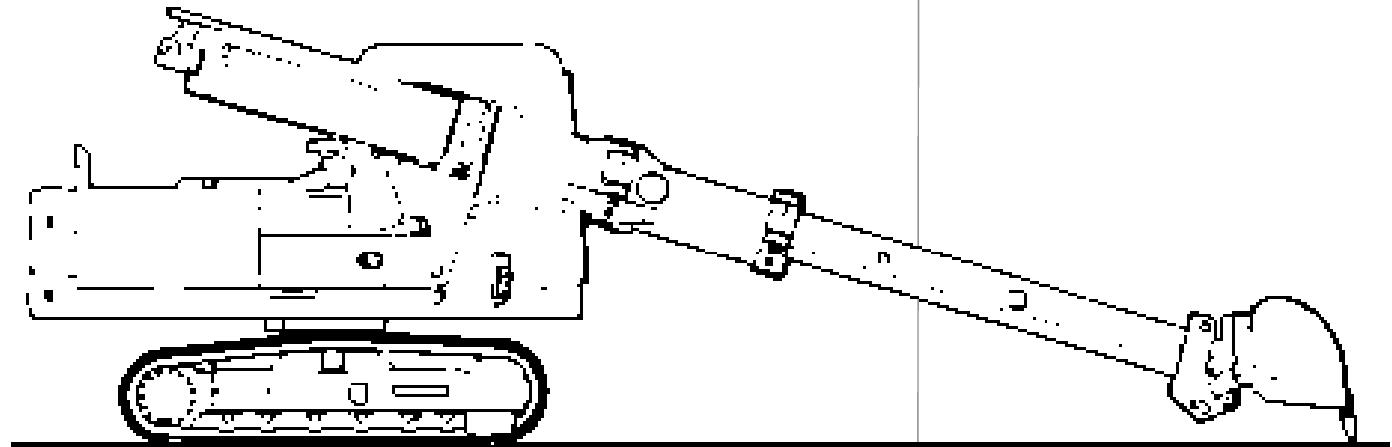
**Check torque using an accurate torque wrench to apply maximum torque value shown.
DO NOT EXCEED MAXIMUM TORQUE. Exceeding maximum torque may cause fastener to fail.**

APPLICATION	QUANTITY	THREAD SIZE (GRADE)	TORQUE (lubricated)			
			POUND/FEET		NEWTON/METERS	
			MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
Boom Roller Eccentric Keepers	24	1/2 - 13 (8)	100	110	136	150
Extension Cylinder Support	8	5/8 - 11 (8)	200	215	272	292
Swing Bearing	84	5/8 - 11 (8)	200	215	272	292
Swing Motor	2	1/2 - 13 (8)	100	110	136	150
Swing Transmission	8	5/8 - 11 (8)	200	215	272	292
Tilt Bearing	84	5/8 - 11 (8)	200	215	272	292
Tilt Motor	2	1/2 - 13 (8)	100	110	136	150
Tilt Transmission	4	5/8 - 11 (8)	200	215	272	292



REFER TO SERVICE MANUAL FOR INSTRUCTIONS FOR TOWING CRAWLER.

If you Get Stuck



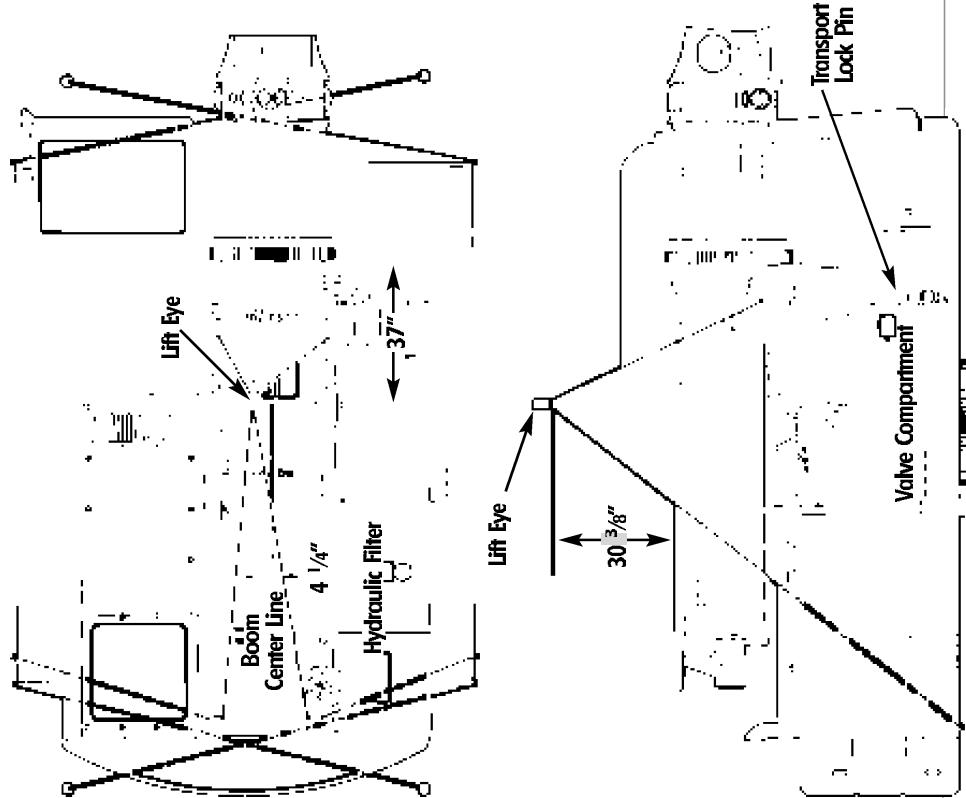
If unit becomes stuck in soft ground you can use the boom to help free it.

Position upperstructure parallel with tracks with boom to front or rear as appropriate for boom to help push or pull unit free. Pushing works best.

While actuating travel pedals/levers in appropriate direction extend or retract boom as required to push or pull to solid ground.

Whether pushing or pulling, be sure to adjust boom angle as required to keep bucket imbedded in ground.

Loading & Securing For Transport



Weight with 60 inch ditching bucket is 27,000 pounds.

1. Retract horizontal boom fully, install transport lock pin and secure with hitch pin. Pins are stored in valve compartment.
2. Align upperstructure with tracks (drive sprockets at rear.) Install two chains from holes near rear of frame to tracks as shown.
3. Attach four legged chain as shown. Using crane of adequate capacity, take most of slack from chains.
4. Pad chains as necessary to prevent damage to components and paint. Be certain right rear chain is clear of hydraulic filter.
5. Take all slack from chains and inspect rigging for safety. Use tag lines to control load during lift.
6. Position excavator as required and secure to transport using four cross chains as shown.
7. Do not tie down front of boom.

Preservation & Storage



General

Recommended short term storage practices vary with conditions at the storage site, the length of time the unit will be stored (two months maximum) and the temperatures expected during the storage period.

Obviously, some storage sites will require greater storage precautions than others. Choosing the best storage site available is one of the most important steps you can take to protect the machine.

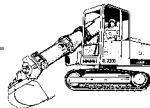
Because Gradall cannot anticipate all storage situations, we do not provide a step-by-step procedure for short term storage. However, we do require that you review the following points and implement those appropriate to your situation:

For All Situations:

- This may be a good opportunity to take a sample of hydraulic fluid for analyses.
- Lubricate all grease gun points until fresh lube is expelled from lube point.
- Check the hourmeter and the Lubrication and Maintenance schedule. If you are close to any lubricant change period, make the change before storage.
- Check level of anti-freeze protection and drain and refill if necessary to obtain proper protection.

Site Conditions:

- Always select a site providing a firm, level surface.
- Be sure site is free of natural hazards: salt or corrosive spray, mud slides, flooding, fire, etc.
- If machine must remain on an unpaved surface, be sure tracks are resting on sturdy boards to prevent tracks from being frozen in soft ground..
- Whenever possible, select a site that will minimize the threat of theft damage or vandalism.
- The site should afford sufficient space to allow the unit to be exercised periodically.
- Apply Boeshield® T9 (Gradall Part No. 1440-4645) to exposed cylinder rods.
- General Considerations
- Thoroughly clean all mud and debris from the machine to help protect surfaces from corrosive action.
- Be sure all doors windows and covers are closed and locked. Install vandal covers if available.
- Exercise all excavator functions periodically, preferably on a weekly basis. The exercise period should last until engine and hydraulic oil have reached normal operating temperature.
- If it is impractical to exercise machine regularly, and if freezing temperatures are expected, remove batteries and store in a warm location.
- Tape a note inside cab window indicating the person to be called in an emergency.
- Always be certain to remove ignition key before leaving machine.



General Considerations

- Thoroughly clean all mud and debris from the machine to help protect surfaces from corrosive action.
- Be sure all doors and windows and covers are closed and locked. Install vandal covers if available.
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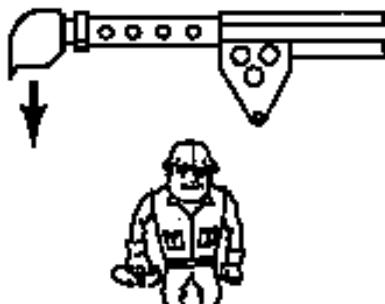
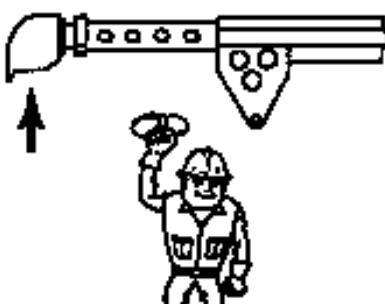
Excavator Hand Signals



Standard Signals - When excavator work conditions require hand signals, they shall be provided or posted conspicuously for the use of both signaller and operator. No excavator motions shall be made unless signals are clearly understood by both signaller and operator.

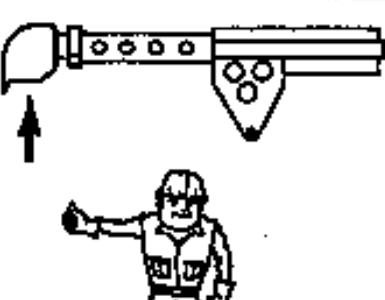
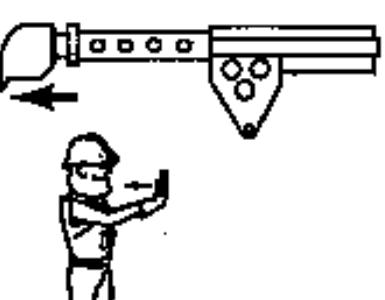
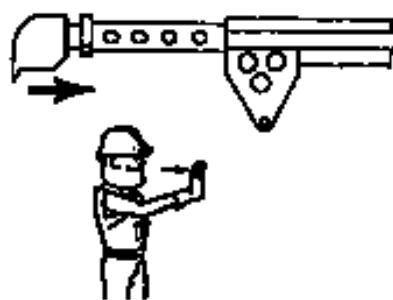
Special Signals - When signals for auxiliary equipment functions or conditions not covered are required, they shall be agreed upon in advance by the operator and signaller.

Instructions - When it is desired to give instructions to the operator other than provided by the established signal system, all excavator motions shall first be stopped.



PAUSE LOAD VERTICALLY - With either forearm vertical, forefinger pointing up, move hand in small horizontal circle.

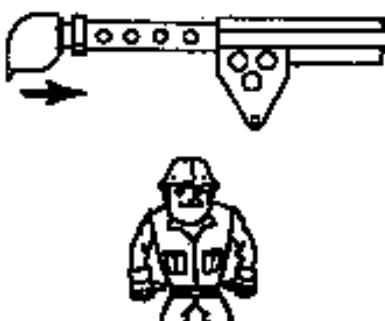
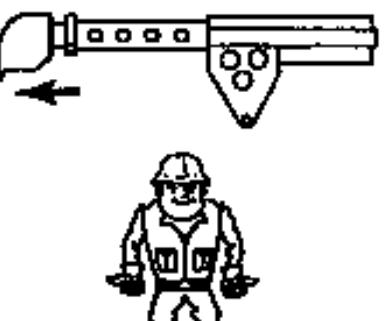
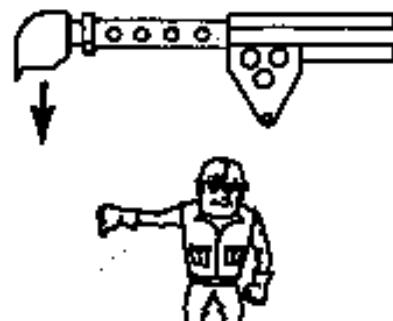
LOWER LOAD VERTICALLY - With either arm extended downward, forefinger pointing down, move hand in small horizontal circle.



MOVE LOAD IN HORIZONTALLY - With either arm extended, hand relaxed and open toward direction of movement, move hand in direction of required movement.

MOVE LOAD OUT HORIZONTALLY - With either arm extended, hand relaxed and open toward direction of movement, move hand in direction of required movement.

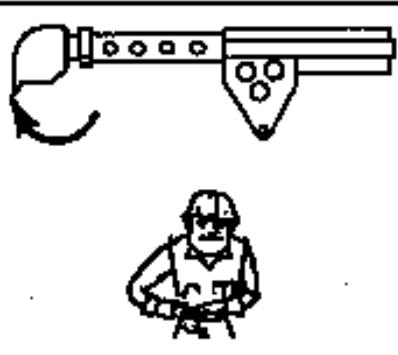
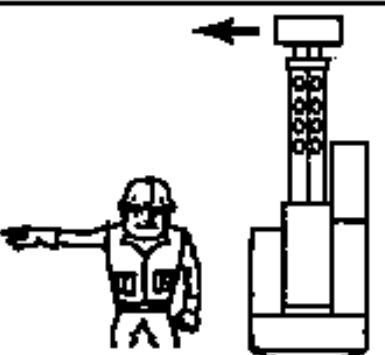
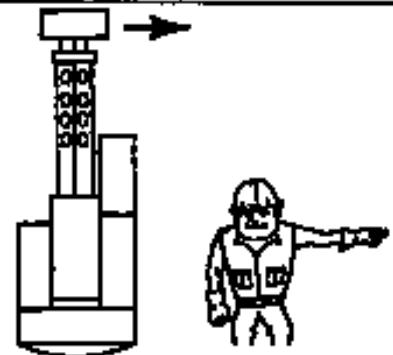
PAUSE BOOM - With either arm extended horizontally, fingers closed, point thumb upward.



LOWER BOOM - With either arm extended horizontally, fingers closed, point thumb downward.

EXTEND TELESCOPIC BOOM - With both hands clenched, point thumbs outward.

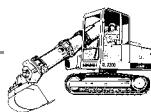
RETRACT TELESCOPIC BOOM - With both hands clenched, point thumbs inward.

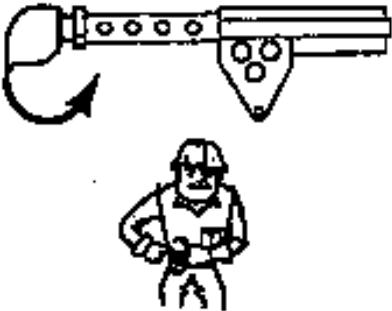
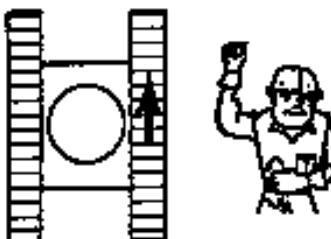
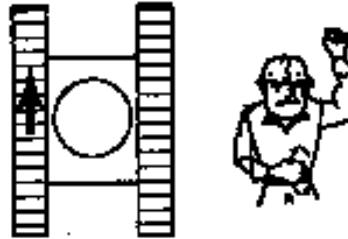
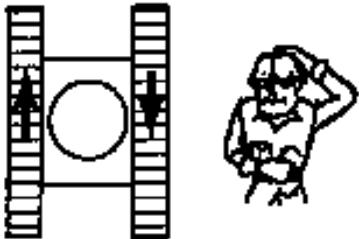
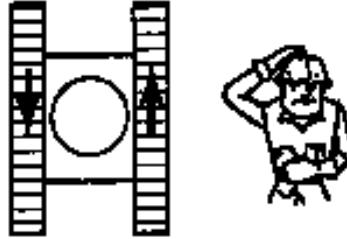


SWING - With either arm extended horizontally, point with forefinger to direction of swing rotation.

SWING - With either arm extended horizontally, point with forefinger to direction of swing rotation.

OPEN BUCKET - Hold one hand open and stationary. Rotate other hand in small vertical circle with forefinger pointing horizontally at open hand.



		
		
		
		
<p>CLOSE BUCKET - Hold one hand closed and stationary. Rotate other hand in small vertical circle with thumb/finger pointing horizontally at closed hand.</p>	<p>MOVE SLOWLY - Place one hand motionless in front of head giving motion signal. (Raises load slowly is shown.)</p>	<p>THIS FAR TO GO - With hands relaxed and open inward, move hands laterally, indicating distance to go.</p>
<p>STOP - With either arm extended laterally, hand open downward, move arm back and forth.</p>	<p>EMERGENCY STOP - With both arms extended laterally, hands open downward, move arms back and forth.</p>	<p>STOP ENGINE - Draw thumbs or forefinger across throat.</p>
<p>TRAVEL - Move flats in vertical circles about each other in direction of track or wheel rotation.</p>	<p>TURN - Raise forearm with closed flat indicating inside of turn. Move other flat in vertical circle indicating direction of track or wheel rotation.</p>	<p>TURN - Raises forearm with closed flat indicating inside of turn. Move other flat in vertical circle indicating direction of track or wheel rotation.</p>
<p>COUNTER ROTATE - Place hand on head indicating side of reverse track or wheel rotation. Move other hand in vertical circle indicating to/reverse rotation of other track or wheel.</p>	<p>COUNTER ROTATE - Place hand on head indicating side of reverse track or wheel rotation. Move other hand in vertical circle indicating forward rotation of other track or wheel.</p>	

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CALIFORNIA
Proposition 65 Warning
Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

